Orders will be received up to July 1 for full sets of "Magic City" at $1.80. We shall not handle them after that date. Order now.

The Columbian.

The demand upon our columns for advertising space certainly shows that business men recognize the value of "The Columbian" as an advertising medium.

VOL 29 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1894. NO 22

ARRESTED FOR HORSE-STEALING.

On Wednesday of last week Chief of Police Knorr received a postal card dated at Tunkhannock, and signed by A. E. Betts, liveryman, stating that Jack Knabel, of Reading, Pa., aged thirty-five, about five feet, five inches high, heavy set, smooth face, light black moustache, grey suit and derby hat, drove away from that place with a bay mare and top buggy, and was wanted there. He also jumped a board bill. Chief Knorr discovered that a man of the same name and answering the description had registered at the St. Elmo and was still there. He telegraphed to Betts that the man was here, and received a reply asking him to hold Knabel on both charges, and stating that an officer would come for him. Officer Lott of Tunkhannock came on Thursday morning, and Chief Knorr arrested Knabel and turned him over to the officer, who returned with him to Kingston. The prisoner alleged that he had left the rig at Kingston, and had written back where it could be found, but no such letter had been received at Tunkhannock. The *Tunkhannock Democrat* of last week says:

"Jack Knabel, as he called himself, who had been boarding at the Warren Street Hotel here for the past four weeks, on credit, hired a horse and wagon of A. E. Betts, on Tuesday of last week, to be absent not to exceed two days, but up to Monday last he had not returned the horse and his whereabouts was believed to be a mystery. On Monday Mr. Betts received a letter from him, postmarked at Kingston, stating that he had received a letter informing him of the death of his sister at Reading, Pa., and that he was going there to attend the funeral, and had left his horse and wagon at the hotel on the right hand side. Mr. Betts accordingly went to Kingston on Monday but found no horse and wagon there and could find no one who had seen Mr. Knabel or the horse and wagon. Since writing the above Mr. Betts found his horse and wagon at Luzerne Borough, Mr. Knabel leaving word that he would call for it. Mr. Knabel has "skipped" a board bill of twenty-five or thirty dollars at the Warren Street Hotel and taken with him what little money he had collected while canvassing here and in this vicinity for advertising in hotel registers. It is not believed by the proprietor of the Warren Street Hotel that he will be back here to settle his indebtedness, but that he has decamped for parts unknown. In his letter to Betts he tells him to send his bill to him at Reading, and that he will pay it by check, which looks very much as though he did not intend to return for the horse and wagon "in a day or two" at the time the letter was written.

CERTIFICATE REFUSED.

The following Communication was received by the Bloomsburg School Board on last Friday night.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., May 25, 1894.
Bloomsburg School Board,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:

The term for which my professional certificate was endorsed will expire on the first Monday of June, 1894. The County Superintendent has refused to renew it, and since there is no examination for me to attend, I am compelled to resign. I therefore resign the principalship of your schools, the resignation to take effect June 4, 1894. I regret that this step is necessary, but for your protection I must take it.

Very Respectfully Yours,
L. P. STERNER.

On motion the resignation was accepted with regret.

A most singular feature of the late storm was the fact that while it rained here it snowed farther south. From Kentucky comes reports of heavy snow, the like of which had not been seen in that region for 40 years, and the injury crops have sustained in consequence has never been equaled. Carlisle, Ky., reports seven inches as having fallen there on Saturday night, the 19th inst. Somerset reports over six inches on Sunday morning, and a complete surprise to the oldest inhabitant. The snow storm extended as far south as Chatanooga, Tennessee. At Lexington three inches fell, doing great damage to wheat and other crops. Mount Sterling also reports six inches of snow, and, in consequence, that wheat, rye and other crops beaten down flat will be a total loss, as well as much injury to fruit and fruit trees from the great burden of snow that fell upon them

The State Council of Red Men which was held at Bethlehem, Pa., recently called together about 400 delegates.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

THE BEDAL CURE.

We notice upon the streets of Bloomsburg, looking bright and sober as judges, E. J. Bowman, William Sterner, Henry Yohey and others who have undergone successful treatment of long standing drink habits. Prohibition may not prohibit, but the Bedal Cure cures—that is, where the drinking is a disease rather than of wilful determination. Though both the liquor and the antidote is out of the system of the patient, he is by no means forever infallible against intoxicants, and the more especially so if he frequents his old haunts and can find no pleasure elsewhere. Such a man is in constant danger of returning to his cups, of course. He is just as some christians are who need conversion oftener than protracted meetings are held for their accommodation. But a little genuine christianity well worked in with the Bedal Cure we verily believe will enable the most besotted creature on earth to build above his depraved tastes and habits, and build so high as to soon look down upon them with mingled pity and contempt. Yes, so high as to enable him to say to every rising temptation, "get thee behind me, Satan," and to keep the old devil right where he should be kept in the hope of making the most of this life and that to follow.

The Sunday School Convention.

We attended our first inter-denominational Sunday School Convention on Thursday and Friday last in the Bloomsburg Court House. It was a pronounced success even during the most inclement weather. Had the weather been favorable a room the size of Talmage's burned Tabernacle would have been needed. The court-house was crowded to the front seats, the aisles, and the door ways.

Myron I. Low, of Lime Ridge, the worthy and enthusiastic young president of the association, readily instils enough of the emotional into the proceedings to prevent its going to sleep or being spiritually smothered to death. It is the first inter-denominational organization of zealous church-workers that the writer ever attended, and as the aim is the same in all the churches the harmonious action which characterized the convention throughout proves that, though creeds and forms of worship may radically differ, it is quite possible to so arrange the program as to give no offense along the line of forms of worship; but, on the other hand, to make it a spiritual stimulus to all the various denominations that are not too seclusive to consent to join the association and to participate in its ceremonies, and work along common lines for the common good under rules that may be mutually agreed upon by the majority of the assembly.

Though a resident of another county and not a member of the association, we noticed some few familiar faces among those participating; one in particular being the young president, in whom we can but feel a natural sense of pride from boyhood acquaintance dating back to the day of his birth and being in dresses, and when his father and mother (who died in his youth) were both living. Coming thus early into the competency that his parents left him, and not having parental guidance when boys need it most, his usefulness to society was certainly in jeopardy, and it might easily have been lost but for his inherent disposition to practice self-denial in youth for the sake of righteousness, letting others if they chose to act in the more fascinating ways of gamblers, horse-racers, drinkers and swearers. With the means at hand he might easily have driven the fastest horse and entertained the fastest women, smoked the best cigars, and drank the best whiskey that Columbia county afforded. But because of his inherent disposition he has chosen the wiser, better course, and we hope to be pardoned for now utilizing the position we occupy in making this commendable fact public. For full particulars of the proceedings of the convention of which Myron Low is president see our report in full elsewhere.

While an attachee of the COLUMBIAN was on his way home the other night he was accosted by a trio of young girls who wanted him to stop and play "bluebird." But not being acquainted with the game as they play it in Bloomsburg these days he felt obliged to refuse the invitation.

We mention the matter for the benefit of parents whose girls are running the streets nights either with or without permission.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

AN EPIDEMIC OF TWINS.

From the appropriately named village of New Hope, Pa., comes report of a twin epidemic which is certainly remarkable. It is remarkable for the unusual number of twins that New Hope is industriously turning out, and also for the spread of the malady which seems to establish its contagious nature and lead less hopeful villagers to hold aloof from New Hope. Concerning the contagion, report runs as follows:

"It began with Mrs. Charles Johnson, the wife of the town's leading butcher, and with her relative, Mrs. Edward Johnson. The wife of Constable Lewis Bennett and Mrs. Ezra Hall fell into line a few days later with a pair each; all girls. When Landlord A. J. Solomon, of the Farmers' Hotel, returned home the other evening he heard the crying of twins, while triplets sung a welcome for his friend around the corner, Jonathan Bartlett, the livery-stable keeper. Mrs. John McDonald, the wife of a farmhand, and the estimable better half of Rev. Mr. Gray, presented twins to their husbands within a few hours of each other, and the physicians who attended them announced that Mrs. Gean Duffie and Mrs. John Peterson had also done likewise. These additions to the population had scarcely been recorded when Mrs. Irvin Hendrickson, wife of the proprietor of New Hope's big paper-mill, and Mrs. Fred. Schabinger, also contributed twins to the town. Mrs. Joseph Moors, Mrs. Augustus and Mrs. Michael Gorman, the rosy-cheeked wife of a plumber, have also come to the front with their quota, and the women of New Hope who have twins now about equal the number of those who have not."

Now it seems some imprudent people from Towanda visited New Hope right in the face of the epidemic and the following result we extract from a Towanda paper as a timely warning to the innocent.

"Towanda can't beat this record yet, but the little folks are coming along in pairs every few days."

Under ordinary circumstances we should say nothing about it, but under prevailing depressed conditions we feel like sounding the alarm to unsuspecting married folks by crying "beware of New Hope and Towanda."

An almost forgotten freshet is brought to light through the columns of the Wilkes-Barre *Record* as follows: "As bearing on the present freshet the *Record* learns of a flood 87 years ago which was even higher than the present one. The fact is mentioned in a letter written May 1807, by James Sinton to his friend, Steuben Butler. He says the water came up Market street and was around the horse block in front of the Sinton store, which stood on the corner of Market and Franklin, where is now the Wyoming Bank. He further says had it not been checked by a cold day and night he has no doubt it would have been much higher. This was even higher than the famous flood of 1865, when the water came to the White Horse Hotel. Steuben Butler, to whom the letter was written, was in 1807 a lad of 17 years learning the printing trade in Doylestown, with Asher Miner. James Sinton was a son of Jacob Sinton, one of the proprietors of the old Sinton store. The letter is in the possession of C. E. Butler, son of Steuben Butler."

THE PRACTICAL EFFECTS OF THE STORM.

Whatever the ultimate effects of the recent destruction of property by the elements may be the immediate result is that in order to make amends idle labor must now be employed, material must be purchased and dormant capital must be put into circulation in consequence.

While we naturally deplore such calamities, and especially when they fall upon the helpless, yet we have felt more than once that in the hands of God even terrible things are often made to work together for more good that harm.

"ONE LITTLE GIRL IN BLUE."

This much talked of and popular little miss came to town Tuesday, and is now comfortably housed in the large show window of Gidding & Co., the clothiers, where she amuses herself playing the mandolin, not at all minding the throngs who constantly surround the window.

As between floods, cloud-bursts, earthquakes, and fires, and business depression, this seems, indeed, to be the season of our discontent at home and abroad.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

BRIEF MENTION

About People You Know.

J. Lee Harman spent last week in New York.

Miss Martha Clark returned from Philadelphia on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Z. Schoch went to Philadelphia on Monday.

A girl baby came to the home of S. F. Peacock on Saturday.

Miles I. Beishline, of Jeddo, is visiting his home at Greenwood.

Mr. Archie Nesbitt, of Ebervale, spent Sunday with Mr. Charles Pollock.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Unangst of New York, are visiting their parents here.

Thomas Thorburn, of Sharpsburg, Pa., is visiting Prof. Aldinger of the Normal School.

Dr. and Mrs. Edward F. Smith and children of New York, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. John S. Gilbert of Philadelphia, is spending a few days in town.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Mr. W. H. Slate to Miss Nellie Packer, of Sunbury, on June 14th.

Miss Laura Parker, of Rohrsburg, is in town visiting her cousin, Miss Bertha Shoemaker.

Mrs. Iglehart, of Evansville, Indiana, is visiting her mother Mrs. Catharine Barton, at Espy.

Joseph Ratti sailed for Italy last Saturday to visit his mother. He will be absent several weeks.

N. W. Barton is putting down a new Ohio stone pavement on the corner of East and Fifth streets.

Edward Traub, son of Wm. Traub of east Bloomsburg, is again up and about after a prolonged illness.

Mr. Myron I. Low, of Lime Ridge, will lead the Men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. hall next Sunday at 2:30.

Z. T. Fowler, of Willow Springs, we were pleased to see among delegates to the recent Sunday School Convention.

Judge Murphy's little son Dan attended court this week with his father. He is a bright and pretty child, and seemed to enjoy his visit.

Harry Beishline, of Berwick, one of the car shop employees, had the misfortune a few days ago to have several of his fingers sawed off.

Under the skillful treatment of Dr. Kamerly, Miss Anna Hayman, of New Columbus, has been relieved of rheumatism and restored to health.

Messrs. T. D. Robbins, accompanied by a son of Samuel Boone, of Lime Ridge, gave this office a business call on Thursday. They were both attendants of the Sunday School Convention.

Mr. J. H. Beishline, of Welliverville, called at this office on business on Saturday. He reported that his immediate neighborhood sustained but little injury from the late heavy rains.

A party of young folks gave Howard Furman quite a surprise last Friday eve, by taking charge of the house. All seemed to enjoy themselves. Where a jovial disposition characterizes both the surprised and the surprisers, as in this case, social enjoyment is a dead certainty.

Thomas Hill, an old playmate now living at Berwick, and whom we had not seen for 25 or 30 years, we were pleased to grasp by the hand on the streets of Bloomsburg last Thursday. Though we grow gray the facial outlines of youth linger until death. Thomas was not a delegate to the Sunday School Convention.

We heartily agree with the Dutch man who said "Vater is very goot in its place," and we take this occasion to boldly assert that the rain-makers will do well if they get a $10,000 appropriation from the U. S. Treasury this year. This is because a considerable quantity of water, furnished after the old fashion, seems to have overflowed its natural place of flowing. Whether it is a Providential intent to head off the rain-makers (who didn't get the rain they promised through bombarding the heavens with dynamite and upon which they realized a snug experimental profit) or to help along the crying farmer, we shall not venture to say; but that we have had enough to fill all immediate demand for water is quite certain.

E. J. Bowman is getting along finely at the Bedal Gold Cure Institute. He says rum and he have dissolved partnership forever, and that rum now is as palatable as a dose of rotten eggs. It is desired that in the near future that he address our people on the subject of Temperance, the disease of strong drink and its cure. Doubtless Mr. Bowman will be fully prepared from experience to talk to us on this subject.

He is engaged, after completing the course of medicine, to lecture through the State. He will also visit Berwick.

J. M. C. Ranck and wife of Light Street, were bound over to court last Saturday morning, by J. M. Clark esq. They were charged with cruel treatment to the twelve year old son of Mr. Rauck, and with assault and battery on Constable Roscoe Ent, who took out the warrant. Many witnesses were heard, and it was quite interesting.

THE PEOPLE

are more than ever catching on to the

BIG INDUCEMENTS

Lowenberg's are offering.

Bringing the prices on fine clothing down so low that the very best goods are now within the reach of all.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS THIS WEEK

in Children's knee pants suits,
and Boy's long pants suits.

Every suit $1 to $2 less. $10 suits now $7.50.
Some nice ones $2.00

A BIG LINE

of Men's fine serge suits just received. The $15 and $12 kind now $9.50.

A great many suits that were $10, now $7 and $8.

White and fancy vests, the latest styles, 75c.

Light weight (coat and vest) and immense assortment at SLAUGHTERING PRICES.

Come where you know what they advertise is true and what they tell you is right.

It is to the interest of your pocket-book to buy now at the

D. LOWENBERG CLOTHING STORE.

Don't Get Yourself in a Box

BY BUYING **SHOES** OF AN UNCERTAIN QUALITY.

It's a risk you can't afford to run—can't afford any way when we can supply you with an article that is beyond question. We handle the best makes of Shoes for Children. BOYS need no longer wear girls' shoes as we have a line made especially for the small Boys. Ladies who wear Spring Heeled Shoes will find a good assortment at the store of W. C. McKINNEY.

W. C. McKINNEY, BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. J. Clark's Building, Main street.

Special Attention

—GIVEN TO—

REPAIRING WATCHES CLOCKS JEWELRY

—AT—

J. G. WELLS.

Eyes examined free of charge.

J. G. WELLS.

THE SILENT SOLDIER.

INTEREST IN THE GREAT UNION WAR LEADER.

Promised Completion of the Grant Monument — How Grant Waited for His Call — Anecdotes of His Career — Its Pathetic Close.

THE coming year will probably witness the completion of the great Grant monument now being erected in Riverside Park, overlooking the Hudson River, New York. This monument completed, will be one of the noblest ever erected to a military hero, and its completion and dedication should be the great event for Decoration Day, 1895.

Interest in the great northern leader of the civil war will be revived as the time approaches for the completion of the great monument. It has been said that forty years of Grant's life were passed in waiting for the opportunity

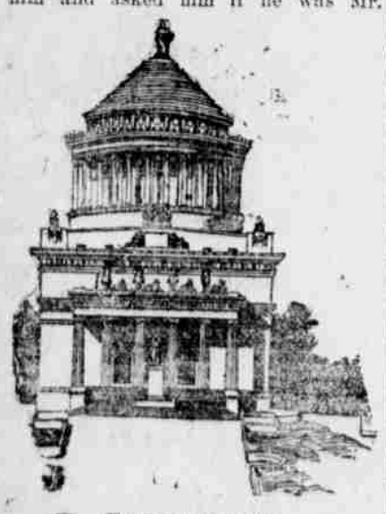
Lieut. Grant in 1847.

that came at last. Fate seemed to have destined him for an inglorious career. He was not a successful financier. Trade was not his forte, and he had no aptitude for farm life. He called his farm at Gravois "Hardscrabble," because his life there was a hard scrabble for existence. While he sold wood, Mrs. Grant kept house without the aid of a servant, and cleared a small space on the untilled soil for a flower garden. In Galena, their friends were all in better circumstances than they, and Mrs. Grant lamented the straightened circumstances that prevented her from giving a neighborhood tea party, because she had no decorated china tea service. The sequence to that life of genteel privation reads like a fairy story. From civilian to soldier, from soldier to President of the United States and commander-in-chief of the American army and navy, maintain-

Grant's Birthplace.

ing the same grave, inflexible demeanor through all his successes that he had worn in his days of waiting, when his life appeared to him as "failure, crowning failure, to the end," with but one alternative, to work or starve, his career is unsurpassed in American history for its remarkable changes.

Regarding Grant's period of waiting at Galena for the tremendous strain of responsibility and activity that was before him, H. H. Kohlsatt tells a characteristic story. One day, when he was seven years old, he rode into Galena with his father on a load of garden produce. They drove to the market square. "My father had received from Mr. Grant an order for a basket of vegetables," said Mr. Kohlsatt. "He told me to take the basket over to Grant's hide store. I went over there, and I remember distinctly that the hide and rolls of leather made a very bad smell. When I walked into the store I saw a man tipped back in a chair with his feet on a stack of hides. He was smoking a cigar and reading a newspaper. I went up to him and asked him if he was Mr.



The Grant Monument.

Grant. He looked around and nodded his head. Then he told me to put the basket over by the counter. When I was going home with my father I told him that Mr. Grant must be a lazy man. The one impression I received was that he must be a poor business man, so indolent and indifferent did he seem as he sat tipped back there smoking his cigar."

The modesty of the great soldier was always as great as his apparent indifference to the smaller concerns of life.

When Gen. Grant and Gen. Sherman were given a big reception in Chicago at the close of the war, this characteristic story was related of the hero: He sat with Sherman in the gallery of the sanitary fair building on Dearborn Square, where the reception was held, and there were loud cries for a speech from Gen. Sherman. "Speech- speech!" rang out in trumpet tones from the mass, but Sherman would not respond.

Then came the cry, "Command him to make a speech," to Grant, who arose slowly, took his cigar from his mouth, and said with the incomparable brevity which was the soul of his wit:

"I never commanded a man to do that which I cannot do myself."

A pathetic story, recently published relates to the last brief journey he ever took from the cottage on Mt. MacGregor. The general had a favorite walking-stick without which he never went abroad, even on his drives, and his walking-stick had its own place in the corner of his room; no hand but his own ever put it there or took it thence. Day after day the journey from his chair to that corner before he set forth, from the corner to his chair after his return, and the replacement of the stick in its own place, grew more difficult to the general's nerveless and weary feet. And there came that day, at last, when on coming in, he glanced towards the corner, stood for a moment, silently, waveringly, a little quiver on the brave and steadfast lips, and then with a gesture which was a wordless renunciation of life and all dear associations, he opened his tremulous hand and let the old stick drop from it to the floor at his feet. It was but a few days later that he entered, with a soldier's courage, that shadowy valley of the journey through which David said: "Thy rod, Thy staff, they comfort me."

Pie Eaters.

The Southern idea of pie is extremely crude when applied to that succulent Northern dish, and subtly refined when directed to the political variety, says the Washington Post. The farthest development in the pie line that the native Southerner has attained is to a manufacture of sweet potato, which is a State prison counterfeit and forgery of the New England pumpkin pie, and even that base imitation has obtained foothold no farther south than South Carolina. Congressman Crane, of Texas, says that the people of Texas regard the pie family as Caesar regarded Gaul—divided into three kinds, "the kivered, the unkivered and the cross-barred."

"I overheard," said he, "some years ago a great debate between a Northern printer and a Southern compositor on the subject of the late war. The Southerner was hot, impetuous and sentimental. The Northern champion calm, cool and even phlegmatic.

"'Why, didn't we lick you out of your boots at Manassas?'

"'Granted,' said the Northern typesticker.

"'Didn't we smash you at Cold Harbor, and wipe the ground up with you in the Wildnerness?'

"'Granted,' said the other.

"'Didn't we tie you all up in knots and make rags of you all through the Peninsula campaign?'

"'Granted,' said the Northerner, 'but how was it at Appomattox?'

"'Yes, how was it at Appomattox?' shouted the Southron, growing sentimental as the mingled beers and whiskies they were consuming rose to his head. 'We had thirteen thousand poor, ragged, footsore, tired, starved, veterans, without a single round of ammunition, while you had three hundred thousand fat, sassy soldiers, provided with every luxury, and ev-every m-m-mother's s-son of 'em,' he sobbed, 'plumb f-full of pie!'"

Not Exactly Afraid.

Gus (a Harvard freshman)—Why should a girl be afraid of a little harmless powder?

Grace (a Wellesley graduate)—Who said we were afraid of powder? We merely do not wish to advertise our fearlessness.

His Favorite Animals.

Sunday School Teacher—Do you love animals?

Boy—Yes'm.

"That's right; I'm glad you do. What animals do you like best?"

"Snakes."

"Goodness! Why do you like snakes?"

"'Cause it ain't wicked to kill 'em."—Good News.

A Soldier's Courage.

A very interesting pianist, when sitting next to Col. Ramollot at the dinner table, asked him, in a winning tone of voice, "Are you fond of music, colonel?" "Madam," replied the warrior, rolling a savage pair of eyes, "I am not afraid of it."

No Solution.

Hills—I hear that the girls at the seashore have a new game this summer.

Hulls—What is it called?

Hills—"The Missing Man Contest."

CHANCELLORSVILLE.

Oh, fatal field! Fatal, alas,
To many a noble heart!
Thy bitter tale may never pass
From memory's train—it is part
Of sorrows that shall never fade
Until death has quenched their smart.

The rank green grass has hid from sight,
The bloodstains deep and red,
And daisies spring where raged the fight,
And the ground lay thick with dead;
And where he fell, the hero youth,
The violets make their bed.

Where sung the Minie's awesome notes,
The songs of birds resound;
Upon the air no echo floats
Of battle's rage profound;
The peace of God is on the field,
And all is holy ground.

—G. H. Benedict.

George Francis Train says that he is for "ballots, not bullets." This train is on the right track just at present.

Lippincott's Magazine

For June, 1894.

The complete novel in the June number of LIPPINCOTT'S is "The Wonder-Witch," by M. G. McClelland. It is a charming romance of Virginia, beginning in war times, and happily concluded long afterwards. The title refers to a ring, which had a strange story of its own, and the supposed power of keeping its wearer constant to its giver.

Gilbert Parker's serial, "The Trespasser," reaches its close after carrying the hero through queer adventures and dire social and moral dangers.

"The Rumpety Case," by Anna Fuller, the well-known author of "A Literary Courtship," tells how justice was done upon a domestic tyrant by the joint action of Providence and an honest farmer, after the forms of law had failed to reach the case.

"Two in the Other Half," by E. Ogden Hays, is a powerful and pathetic sketch of the lowest life in New York.

Under the heading "Sea Island Cotton Respun," Dora E. W. Spratt tells how those islands, with their simple population, passed under northern care in war times.

In "The New Northwest Passage to the Orient," J. Macdonald Oxley writes of the Canadian Pacific Railway and its line of steamers to Japan.

In "Hot Work on the Pampas," Morgan S. Edmunds describes the suppression of brigandage in the Argentine Republic in 1873.

The venerable poet and essayist, R. H. Stoddard, supplies in "My First Literary Acquaintances," one of those pleasant semi-autobiographical sketches with which our readers are familiar.

Agnes Repplier discourses, in her own brilliant vein, of "The Passing of the Essay." It is safe to predict that the essay will not pass away while Miss Repplier wields the pen.

"Dusk in the Desert," by M. S. Paden, is a remarkable poem, full of strength, originality, and beauty. The other verse of the number is by Ella Gilbert Ives, Sarah Matthews Handy, Ulysses Francis Duff, and Charles G. D. Roberts.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c. 1m.

"The speculation in grain has again broken records with the lowest price ever made for wheat," says *Dun's Review*.

Facts Worth Knowing.

In all diseases of the nasal mucous membrane the remedy used must be non-irritating. Nothing satisfactory can be accomplished with douches, snuffs, powders or astringents, because they are irritating, do not thoroughly reach the affected surfaces and should be abandoned as worse than useless. A multitude of persons who had for years borne all the worry and pain that catarrh can inflict testify to radical and permanent cures wrought by Ely's Cream Balm. Your druggists has it.

I Can Procure You Money

for the purchase of real estate, the erection of buildings or making of other improvements on lands or to pay off an incumberence at a very low rate of interest and you can have from 5 to 20 years time to repay loan in easy monthly installments. Loans are made on either farm or city property. Building loans are made and the amount of loan advanced as work progresses. Call on or address

J. F. HARKINS,
Evans Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.
8-25-tf.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

Pure blood means good health. Reinforce it with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, cures Eruptions, Eczema, Scrofula and all diseases arising from impure blood. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

You Need Flesh.

When you are without healthy flesh you are weak somewhere, or else your food does not nourish you.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, finds weak spots, cures them, and stores up latent strength in solid flesh to ward off disease. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it

SCOTT'S EMULSION cures Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs and Wasting Diseases.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. Druggists sell it.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00

No. 37. Surrey Harness.

$37.50

No. 7854. Top Buggy.

$43.00

No. 3, Farm Wagon.

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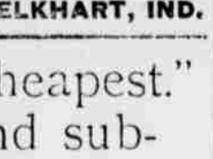

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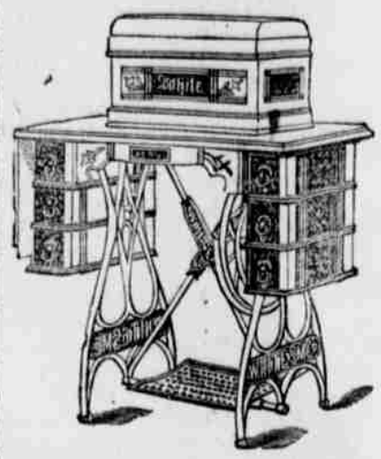

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Lard per lb		.12½
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Oats " "		.40
Rye " "		.65
Wheat flour per bbl		3.00
Hay per ton		18.00
Potatoes per bushel		.60
Turnips " "		.25
Onions " "		1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to	.40
Cranberries per qt		.10
Tallow per lb		.04
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Side meat " "		.10
Vinegar, per qt		.07
Dried apples per lb		05
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COLUMBIA COUNTY ANNUAL INTERDENOMINATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A Crowded Court House--A Delightful Assembly--Inspiring Music--A Spiritual Benefit.

Twenty-fifth Annual Convention of the Columbia County Sabbath School Association met at the Court House, Thursday morning and was called to order at ten o'clock by the President of the Association, Myron I. Low. Despite the unfavorable weather the court room was quite well filled with delegates and representatives from all parts of the county. The first session was opened with singing, after which devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. C. H. Brandt. The singing of another hymn was followed by an address of welcome tendered by Rev. W. C. Leverett. He bid the delegates welcome in the name of the citizens of Bloomsburg, and hoped that they would be able to enjoy themselves while here. He also entreated them to be earnest, energetic and active in their work, "Doing it heartily as unto the Lord," because only such workers and teachers can succeed. President Low responded to this welcome with an address given in his pleasant and inspiring manner. He said, "The Church of to-morrow is the Sunday School of to-day. He also said that there is need of more practical teaching in our Sabbath Schools. Have a little geography, biography and history, but above all things teach the word of God plainly. The teacher's aim should be to win souls for Christ and to do this he must have Christ with him." Rev. A. Dunlap, of Berwick, was then introduced and gave an interesting paper on missions. He thought that no work was so important in the church as that of missions. It is not a side issue. America, the best hope of humanity, should be the first place where work is done. The work should be fostered by the pastors, church and Sabbath Schools. Our nation, our country and ourselves are benefited by the work done. A. W. Spear, Corresponding and Statistical Secretary, then gave his report for the current year. He reported an increase of the percentage of the population of the county now in the Sunday Schools. This is encouraging. In a very few townships only has there been a falling off. He thinks the work in the schools has improved during the past year. He reported twenty institutes held in the county and thirty-eight schools visited by the committee. To do this work necessitated traveling over 1350 miles, about half of which was with horse and wagon. The session closed with the benediction of Rev. C. H. Brandt.

Thursday afternoon session opened at two o'clock with a service of song, followed by devotional exercises conducted by W. C. Leverett. B. F. Armstrong then gave a Bible reading on the subject of the Holy Spirit. His exercises showed a careful preparation, and set forth the absolute necessity of having the Holy Spirit with you in your work, and the many ways he manifested himself.

The following committees were then nominated: Committee on Nominations: H. V. White, H. G. Supplee, Z. T. Fowler, Mrs. Fred Ikeler, C. W. Yeager, W. C. Thomas On Place: Rev. Brewster, Rev. Rupley, Rev. Aurand. On Resolutions: Dr. Graydon, G. S. Lee, Prof. Wilbur.

The convention was then entertained by Prof. G. E. Wilbur with a talk on the Geography of the Word. He thinks it is absolutely necessary to known the geography of the Bible lands in order to understand the effects on the people of that time.

Rev. G. E. Weeks followed with a discussion of the subject The Study of the Word. It should be studied daily. His plan of study would be well worth trying. First, read one book as a whole at one sitting. Go over it and write out topics of your own for each chapter. Also make an analysis and index of the book and follow the chronology through. His talk contained much material for thought and study.

A letter was read stating that on account of the flood Rev. Reimensyder could not be with us. After singing the meeting closed with benediction by Rev. Heilman.

THURSDAY EVENING SESSION.

The convention opened with a full house which was filled up still more as the evening progressed until there was not even standing room left. After a spendid song service, Rev. Ferguson led in a number of short prayers for the workers in the Sunday Schools.

Prof. Sprenkle, State Field Sec., then took up the subject "Helps for the sowers." The sower, he said, was the worker in the Sunday School. One of the helps is for the sower to realize the magnitude of his work. Show me the teacher who realizes this and I will show you the one who is a success. The work of the Sunday School is a divine one and is not only for a day or the short time they are together but his influence is exerted constantly. It is said that a watch must be regulated for the person who is to carry it. If we have this influence over a watch surely we must have a still greater one over the children. Encouragement in the work is a help. It is inspiration. There never was in the history of the world when man longed more for the Word of God as he does to-day. We are in a progressive age and we must extend this work. Fall in line in the hurry and rush and do not get left. Power and help of the Holy Spirit is the most important help we can have. This we must have, for if we do not possess it we cannot impart it to the others.

After a selection by the Y. M. C. A. choir a Bible drill was given by Mrs. Wilbur's class of twenty-four little girls. This must be seen and heard to be understood and appreciated--no newspaper reporter can give an adequate idea of the wonderful exhibition of Bible knowledge display by the little girls. No Bible student, no teacher, no minister in the vast audience would attempt to answer a small fractional part of the questions on the history, geography, biography and divine truths of the Bible propounded to this class in a promiscuous manner and responded to promptly and decidedly every time with quotations and reference to support every statement. The congratulations and expressions of honest appreciation from President Low, Rev. Heilman and Prof. Sprenkle, spoke more than could be written in a column. May they live to teach these precious truths to future generations. At the close of the Bible drill Mr. O. A. Yetter favored the audience with one of his choice bass solos.

At this point the program called for "Lights and Shadows of Sower's Work," which was responded to by Rev. Heilman in his usual happy manner. He dwelt at length on the "Lights" enumerating the many encouragements and joys in the teacher's work in the Sabbath School and urged that all engaged in the work should study the bright side and present it to the class in such a cheerful manner as to encourage them to study the word to find the same blessed truths. The "Shadows" only come when we lose our hold on the Divine hand and are kind warnings to woo us back to the joys that are ours if we will but accept them.

After singing by the congregation and a solo by Prof. Sprenkle, he took up the questions and answered them in his usual sprightly manner. Some of the questions were:

Should the minister teach in the Sunday School? No, I think not. He has enough to do without, but I think he should have a general oversight of the school. 2. What would you do with a class that is well qualified to teach and will not? I think the teacher should determine who of that class are qualified and then talk with them on necessity of their responding to the call for teacher. She should do this often and get the superintendent and minister to urge them. 3. What would you do with the members of a class that find fault with every teacher they are given? Teach them good manners. I think they need it. 4. Should a Sunday School Supt. distil whiskey? No; he should not distil whiskey, commit murder nor any other crime in the catalogue. 5. What is the best way to teach a primary class? Teach objectively. Use the black board. No elaborate drawing is necessary. Children have vivid imaginations. After singing by the Y. M. C. A. Choir the session closed with benediction by Rev. Weeks.

FRIDAY MORNING SESSION.

The usual song service began at 8:45 and was followed by devotional services conducted by Rev. Womelsdorf.

Prof. Sprenkle followed with a talk on "Methods to adopt with Primary Classes." He said "First of all there must be a love for the pupils in order to make a good primary teacher. Also the child must be studied. Another important item is thorough preparation. Do not attempt to teach that which you know nothing about. The teacher who depends on inspiration solely will not be a success. Do not think that if you put your thoughts in language that cannot be understood that your discourse is profound. It is harder to see to the bottom of a mud puddle than that of a clear lake if it is a thousand times as deep. Teach objectively and vididly. Use the blackboard. The imagination of the child will always aid you. Question them. Begin with questions, proceed with questions and end with questions." A song followed, after which Mr. H. R. Bower presented very able reports from the International and State Conventions, held in St. Louis and Pittsburg respectively. These reports were accepted by the Convention with a vote of thanks.

The president then called the roll of township presidents and as many as were present gave their reports and some who were obliged to be absent sent reports to the Secretary. At the close, the orchestra having arrived from Centralia the Convention was favored with a choice selection by it. Following this the nominating committee reported that after due consideration they had appointed the following officers for the ensuing year:

Pesident—Myron I. Low, Lime Ridge.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. P. A. Heilman, Bloomsburg; Rev. A. Houtz, Orangeville; Isaiah Bower, Berwick.

Recording Secretaries—Miss Eva Rupert and Miss Martha Powell, Bloomsburg.

Statistical Secretary—A. W. Spear, Cabin Run.

Treasurer—Mrs. Anna McHenry, Stillwater.

Fieldsman—H. R. Bower, Berwick.

Delegate to State Convention—Miss Martha Powell, Bloomsburg.

Alternate—R. F. Whitmoyer, Pine Summit.

The officers nominated were elected by the Convention by acclamation.

The attention of the convention was then taken with a discourse by Rev. Myers, of Catawissa, on grading in the Sunday Schools. His point, that the Sunday Schools should be graded just as our day schools are, was well taken and he supported it with an outline of the course used in a Sunday School in Wilkes Barre. The course is divided into six sections: Primary, Intermediate, Junior, Senior, Normal and Reserve. As the scholar is instructed in the different grades, his progress is taken note of and at the close of a certain period of time he is given a written examination, and if found proficient is promoted to a higher grade. In the normal class scholars are prepared for the work of teaching and the reserve corps is kept up for the express purpose of filling vacancies. If this course were followed out there would be fewer of the boys and girls from fifteen to twenty years of age leaving the Sunday School, as it would interest them and thereby hold them. Music followed and Prof. Sprenkle took up the questions that had passed in. Among them were; Does the Lord ever get angry? Yes, but "The Lord is slow to anger." Should persons who are not Christians be elected as delegates to the convention? If they are a fair representation of your school. Would you teach temperance in the school? Yes. How would you teach a primary class in the presence of the whole school? I would not attempt that at all. Get them by themselves in some place, even if it is the parlor at home. After singing the meeting closed with benediction by Rev. Beddal, of Persia.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

After a praise and promise meeting conducted by Rev. Dechant, of Catawissa, Dr. Graydon gave the teachers and delegates very many good suggestions on "When and How to teach Temperance in the Sabbath School. He advised them to teach it at all times, whenever an opportunity offered itself. Have one Sunday in the month devoted entirely to teaching this subject. Let the songs, prayers and lessons tend to put down King Alcohol. Teach it a little at a time The children will take the thought home with them and their influence will be felt by the parents. Teach the fact that alcohol is deadly. If we believe in anything at all we believe in saving the lives of our boys and girls. Opium can only be bought on a prescription of a physician, while alcohol in the form of beer which is quite as deadly, is sold to children by the bucketfull. Dr. Graydon's talk was followed by a song, "The Little Missionary," by three little girls from Centralia.

A number of questions were then answered by Prof. Sprenkle. Would you have a question box in your Sunday School? Yes, I think it would help. What are the duties of a superintendent? He should be the manager of the school. The pastor may suggest but should not dictate to the superintendent. He is supposed to be the best man that could be found to fill this place and should be allowed to carry out his own plans. He must make whatever changes he deems best for the school. If he finds that a teacher is filling a position for which he is not competent, he should by all means ask for the resignation of that teacher and fill his place with one who is capable of doing the work required of him.

The matter of "House to House Visitation" was then taken up and it was decided that on the 29th of June, the Sunday School workers, under the direction of the Executive Committee, would make a canvas of the county and ascertain who of the people were not in the Sunday School and give them an invitation to become regular attendants.

The list of schools by townships was then read and delegates responded with a number of delegates and contribution to the work of the Association.

Report of the Committee on Resolutions was submitted and accepted as follows:

WHEREAS, God, our Almighty Father, whose we are and whom we serve, has brought so many of us through another year to this, our 25th annual convention, therefore

Resolved, That we, in convention assembled, with a profound sense of our unworthiness, render to Him the gratitude of our hearts, and homage of our lives, for guiding us through the dangers of the year, sparing us from sickness and death; perils of land and flood; dangers that lurk in the night; the evil machinations of the enemies of our Lord and His cause, and with hearts brimming with thanksgiving we consecrate to his service our undivided all.

Resolved, That we implore the presence of His Holy Spirit in our midst and in our individual lives, making us more spiritually minded, and forceful in soul winning, more willing to work diligently and prepare thoroughly for our work; that we will be more and more inclined to ask ourselves—"And when I come what shall I say unto them," taking care that we are in the right place with the right message.

Resolved, That we regard the plan of "house to house visitation" as adopted by this Convention, as a great help in advance; and 1st. A direct and positive effort to preach in homes and convert souls; an effort to obtain exact information concerning the church relations of all citizens, in order that missions may be more intelligently established, and the great work of evangelization be systematically and successfully prosecuted: 2. An effort to offer in each home a cordial invitation to attend some Protestant Church or Sunday School. To discharge the obligation which rests upon the Christian citizenship, to see to it that the Gospel invitation is extended to all; leaving the results with "Him who doeth all things well," and knowing that his promises are to the faithful and not necessarily the successful servants. 3. An effort to find where the pastoral work of missions and churches can be more wisely expended; and that we thus heartily endorse, and will co-operate in this work.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that a strong and determined effort should be made to keep our Sunday Schools open all through the year, at the hour best suited to surrounding circumstances, believing much of the effect of our work upon our scholars to be lost in any interim, and that Satan's opportunities to destroy our teaching are very greatly increased during such times.

Resolved, That we believe the demands of modern Sunday School teaching in the progress of the times call for careful and thorough preparation on the part of the teachers, prayerful and pains-taking Bible study, which study should be paramount to, and take precedence of anything else, and accompanied with a seeking after the illumination of God's spirit.

Resolved, That we reaffirm and believe that total abstinence is the only safe ground for a Christian to occupy; that we will by precept and practice endeavor to train the growing generation to live upon this plan, and to wage unceasing war upon the drink habit as an enemy to God and mankind.

Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the election of the fieldsman, in whose work we see great possibilities for good, tend to bind us together more firmly, thus making our efforts in our beloved work more potent.

Resolved, That we hereby extend the hearty thanks of this convention to the citizens of Bloomsburg for their Christian hospitality; to all those who have in any way contributed to the pleasure and success of these meetings, the speakers, the singers, the musicians, the ushers, organist and all else who so kindly contributed their time and efforts, to the press, and Bloomsburg for their kind notice, to the officials who so thoughtfully placed the Court House at our disposal, and thus comfortably housed us in our sessions; to the officers of the D. L. & W., the B. & S. and C. P. & W. R. R. for their courtesy in reducing the fare; and that we congratulate the Local Entertainment Committee upon the unique and pleasing form in which it placed the programs, and the efficient and business like manner it performed its duties generally.

ANDREW GRAYDON,
G. E. WILBUR,
GEO. S. LEE, } Com.

The music for the entire convention was the best we ever heard on an occasion of this kind. The director, Mr. Fred B. Hartman, has the happy faculty of selecting just the right piece every time and getting everybody to join heartily in the singing. His choir and orchestra were selected from the different churches of the town and showed a most creditable interest in the convention by being present at every session and taking their respective parts in such an earnest manner as to inspire the entire audience. The Centralia orchestra, consisting of ten pieces, rendered some very appropriate and entertaining selections that were appreciated both for their real worth and the fact that these people drove twenty miles through the rain to take the part assigned them on the program.

When the final benediction was pronounced by Rev. Heilman, one of the most earnest, intelligent and orderly assemblies that ever convened in the Bloomsburg Court House very reluctantly disbanded and returned to their homes to put in practice the many valuable suggestions gleaned from the work of this, the Twenty-fifth Annual Convention of the Columbia County Sabbath School Association.

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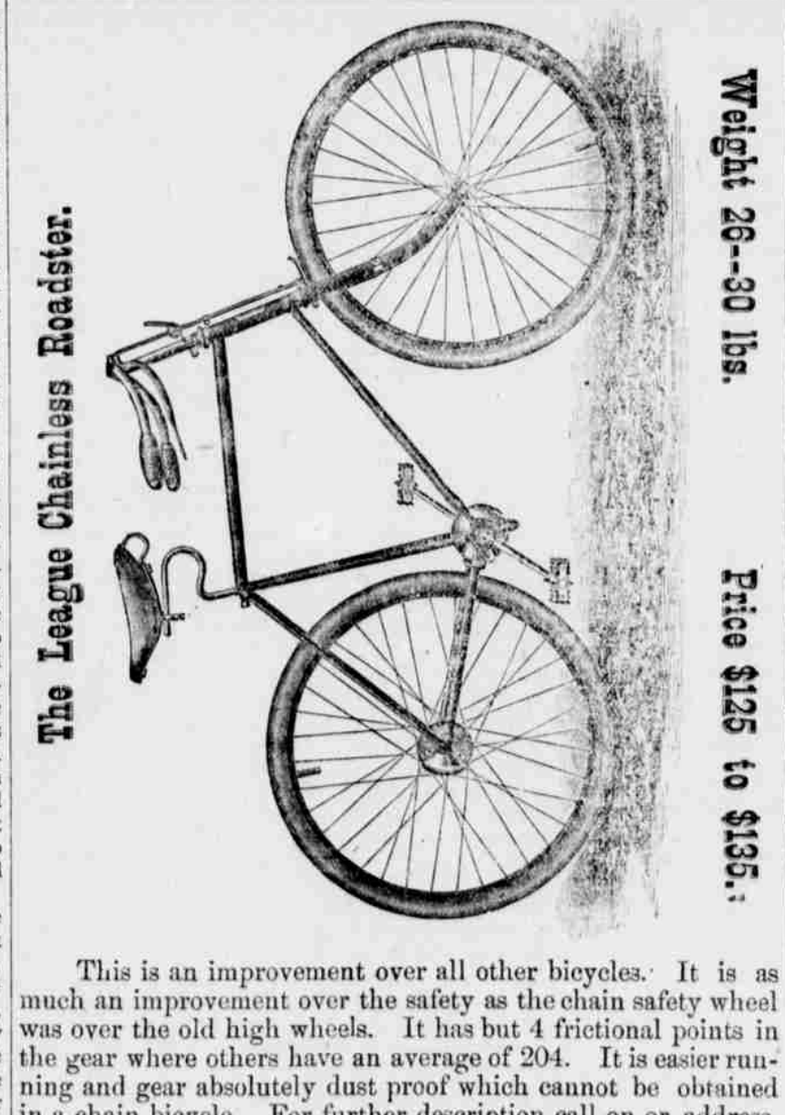

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GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
I. J. JAMISON, ASSISTANT EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1894.

Judge Dittenhoffer, contends, as it seems, that there are but three grounds that will justify you in telling what has been told you in confidence, namely: to save your country from treason, to save a human life from the gallows, or to save a woman's honor. Had the Judge said you might with honor and propriety also disclose for the public good, and as a matter of patriotism, any and all attempts to bribe you when your vote is worth money to bribers, there is no telling how many more ugly disclosures might have been made as a result. But the Judge takes the more unwholesome view, likely, that "everything is fair in politics," and he seems to have lots of company among our trusted statesmen who hold the same opinion. The chances are ten to one that the man who said "silence is golden" was a Congressman or Senator.

What Is The Income Tax So Much Dreaded?

It is nothing more nor less than 2 cents on every dollar the business man makes in excess of $4,000 a year. That's all there is to dread about it. We know of no one better able to pay taxes than those of large incomes. We regard it as a direct, straight forward and fair form of taxation, thus making every one contribute to the wants and needs of his Government just in proportion to the revenues he takes in under its protection. It is the immensely rich rather than those just barely falling under the influence of the law that are exerting the greatest influence to defeat it. They would have it run lower down the scale of wealth in order to render it more generally applicable and therefore more liable to defeat. It is true, as has been said thousands of times over in tariff debates and in the tons of dissertations upon political economy, that our tariff and internal taxes are levied largely on consumption of the necessities of life. The consumption of these necessaries by the comparatively few rich does not bear the same relation to the amount consumed by the poor as the income of the rich does to the wages of the poor. Any one whose income is less than $4,000 per annum is not taxable under the proposed law.

In England, we are informed, there is an income tax of about 4 per cent or about twice that proposed here. In Italy it is 20 per cent on incomes derived from invested property. In Germany it is reported as being on a sliding scale running all the way from 5 per cent to 40 on incomes of $50,000 a year and upward. Sooner or later in this country, too, the rich will pay their due proportion of taxes. Mark it, please.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

A Word To Wage-Earners.

It is a healthy condition when advertisements for able-bodied men begin to find their way into the newspapers. Mysteriously, indeed, but it is always so arranged that the willing laborer need not starve. Nor is it possible for capital to starve labor if it should try, for the reason that capital could not do so if it would, and would not do so if it could, in the majority of cases.

There has not been a season within our knowledge when labor could not find employment in summer time in the agricultural regions. To a certain extent the same may be said of winter time in the country. And as for female help, the demand is so great the whole year round that the servant is often boss of the house from garret to cellar, while the mistress is in a constant state of fear in her helplessness lest she in some way offend the servant and be left alone to hunt, she knows not where, for another. We write this not as an exaggerated or overdrawn condition, but as a positive fact that may be easily verified, so far as female help is concerned.

To say as much for male help in the rural districts until the harvest is gathered would be, perhaps, to exaggerate some; but we know from advertisements coming under our notice that there is now, and has been ever since the opening of spring work, a constant call for farm hands all over the country, and at rates that will certainly prevent starvation, if they do not enable the laborer to retire in a few years. And as for good food and comfortable shelter, none have it better than country folks as a rule.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

IN CONGRESS.

End of Tariff Bill in Plain Sight.

Settled Conviction That Lobbyist Buttz Attempted to Bribe Senators. Horrors! Just Think of It.

A LITTLE MORE ARMOR PLATE AND SUGAR TRUST.

Senator Walsh Explains--Coxey & Co. Jailed --Civil Service Commission Gets No Appropriation.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29, 1894.

President Cleveland on his return to Washington found a radical change for the better in the tariff situation. Senator Teller, after his very sensible speech, telling the Republican Senators that they no longer had any reasonable excuse for delaying the final vote on the bill, clinched his argument by forcing a test vote on a motion to lay the bill on the table. That motion received the vote of every Republican present, 28 in all, and every Democrat present—among them Senator Hill—35 in all voted against it, as also did three Populists. That vote removed the last vestige of doubt about the passage of the bill, and leaves Republican fillibustering without a leg to stand on, the Republicans having claimed that they were justified in using the tactics they did by Democratic opposition to the bill. They will now be given a last chance to agree upon a time to take the final vote. Should they refuse the bill will be forced to a vote. There is a feeling of relief to know that the end is in sight.

The Senate committee has concluded the taking of testimony in the bribery case, and it is believed that the report will state the belief of the committee to be that Buttz attempted to bribe Senators Hunton and Kyle. The committee is now taking testimony concerning the sugar trust and its alleged relations with Senators.

The House committee on Naval Affairs has begun the investigation of the Carnegie armor plate contracts, authorized by the resolution this week adopted by the House. It will probably be a long one, as it covers all the armor made by the Carnegie companies from the beginning of their contracts with the government.

Senator Walsh, of Georgia, was naturally very much surprised when he learned that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers regarded his bill against any stoppage or interference with trains carrying mails as being aimed against them, and, after telling the Senate that as a journeyman printer his sympathies were and always had been with the laboring men of the country, of whom he was proud to be one, he introduced an amended bill, which he thinks cannot possibly be misconstrued by anybody. The title of the bill is "To protect the United States Mails," and it provides that any person who shall rob or attempt to rob or maliciously obstruct or retard for the purpose of robbery the passage of any railroad train on which the mails are carried shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor not less than one nor more than twenty years.

Attorney General Olney, in answer to a resolution adopted by the Senate last week, asking what action had been taken against the trusts under the act of July 2, 1890, has furnished the Senate with the record of a suit begun against the various firms composing the sugar trust, which was dismissed in the U. S. Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, with costs against the government, appealed to the Circuit court, which affirmed the action of the of the District court, and which is now before the U. S. Supreme Court on appeal. Mr. Olney does not say so, but it is inferred from his communication and the accompanying documents that he considers the much-talked-about Sherman anti-trust law a worthless one. Other people suspicioned as much when it was first proposed by Mr. Sherman as a substitute for a more stringent measure proposed by Democratic Senators.

Coxey, Brown and Jones are in jail, and the deluded men who followed them are on the verge of starvation. The lesson should not be lost.

Whether freedom really shrieked when Kosciusko fell is a matter about which practical folks have doubts, but no practical working Democrat should have any doubts about throwing up his hat and giving three cheers and a tiger for the Democrats in the House who had the moral courage to support the amendment offered by Representative Enloe, of Tennessee, to the Legislative and Executive appropriation bill, striking out the appropriation for salaries, etc., of the most colossal public sham of the age—the Civil Service Commission, a commission which, although authorized with the best intentions to make it fair and impartial, has been operated from the first day of its existence to the present time as a machine for keeping Republicans in office. Mr. Enloe has offered this amendment several times when this annual appropriation was before the House, but never until now has he succeeded in getting it adopted, and even now it is not certain that it will stay adopted, as the vote, 109 to 71, was taken when the House was sitting as a committee of the whole, and the Republicans have given notice that they will call for a separate yea and nay vote on the amendment when the bill is reported back to the House from the committee on the whole, and they will make a desperate attempt to get enough Democrats to vote with them to defeat the amendment.

Something Unusual,

as a medicine, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical discovery. And, because of that, there's something unusual in the way of selling it. Where every other medicine of its kind only promises, this is guaranteed. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

It's the only guaranteed remedy for every disease caused by a disordered liver or impure blood. Dyspepsia, Biliousness, the most stubborn Skin, Scalp and Scrofulous affections, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages, are all cured by it.

It purifies and enriches the blood, rouses every organ into healthful action, and restores strength and vigor. In building up both flesh and strength of pale, puny, scrofulous children, or to invigorate and brace up the system after "grippe," pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases, nothing can equal the "Discovery."

Catarrh is positively cured by Dr. Sage's Remedy.

The bimetalists declare that they are unalterably opposed to the further issue of interest-bearing bonds; that they want free coinage of silver and gold at the rate of 16 to 1. They denounce our present national banks as monumental monopolies. They assert that the discontinuance of the issue of silver money and the repletion of the Treasury by bond issues is burdensome on the masses. They declare that it is the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to coin the bullion now in the Treasury and to pay interest on the public debt with silver. And, like Coxey, they demand the issue of $450,000,000 of non interest bearing notes of small denominations. Bonds of this kind would at least be a safe if not profitable investment for those who have hitherto been obliged to risk their earnings with so called saving institutions, and which are perfectly safe only for those who run them.

Bloomsburg vs. Danville and Berwick.

The *Republican* of last week says: The following appeared in last week's issue of the COLUMBIAN: "While Bloomsburg is studying how to open up employment and how to employ idle capital, both Berwick and Danville might be doing the same if they would. The consequence is that idle men from both Danville and Berwick are being put to work here right along while their home capital lies dormant for political effect, as we verily believe." It is the latter part of the concluding sentence that we desire to call especial attention to. We may be extremely obtuse but we confess our inability to see the necessity for the capitalists of our neighboring boroughs to let their enterprises languish in order to swell the republican majority in Pennsylvania. It certainly calls for an amount of self-sacrifice that is not characteristic of moneyed men. The depression in business can no longer be accounted for in this way. The average voter has been deceived, but that time has now passed."

Now we will only add that as both Danville and Berwick are peculiarly interested in the iron and lumber schedules of the tariff, they stand for high protection like all our other fostered industries, and we may safely say they are in the national combine. If the Republican majority of Pennsylvania were one million, that would not change their attitude or make them less faithful to the order or policy of the combine for self protection.

The object of creating distressed conditions under Democratic rule being of course not so much to punish the poor wage earners as it is to oust Democrats and again install Republicans, since the latter are the acknowledged fast friends of the protected classes. The harder Republicans butt up against this ugly truth the more it will hurt them. That's the point we would make through the help of the *Republican*.

Were we to boldly charge that our closed manufactories from Maine to California, including Berwick and Danville, (generally under the purview of high protection,) have closed and dismissed their employees for ultimate political and financial effect, we certainly believe we should hit the fact right squarely. Holding this opinion all the more strongly from what we have seen and read since the tariff wrestle began in Congress, we fail to see much difference between the intimidating attitude of Coxey and the intimidating attitude of high protectionists. If anything the greater weight of honor lies with the unique and open plan of Coxey, who has carried his petition in person to the front doors of Congress, while our protected and fostered industries have been slipping in the back doors stealthily with pockets full of bribe-money. We will only say in conclusion that we very much fear their money has "talked" to our statesmen right eloquently already, and consequently there will be little, very little, tariff reform this session.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR, AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

—THE—
KEELEY INSTITUTE
FOR THE CURE OF THE
Liquor, Opium and Tobacco
HABITS.
THE ONLY SATISFACTORY TREATMENT.

—Send for reading matter.—
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
728 MADISON AVE.,
SCRANTON, PA.

We refer by permission to:
J. D. Bodine,
J. H. Rinard,
Catawissa.
2-2-6 mo.

Court Proceedings.

Court convened Monday morning with Judge Ikeler and associates M. Millard and C. G. Murphy on the bench.

The case of W. R. Ringrose against Town of Bloomsburg was taken up and the following jury sworn:

John H. Lunger,	John Billig,
H. F. Clark,	Ale Derr,
G. B. Appleman,	A. C. Pittit.
A. J. Knouse.	T. Sigfried Jr.,
Clarence Bilheim,	Till. Stadler,
M. B. Hetler,	Wm. Hower.

Petition to stay sale estate of Elvira Whitenight, deceased. Rule to show cause granted.

Sheriff's deeds acknowledged as follows:

Property of J. Shoemaker to J. H. Maust $1850.

Property of J. Shoemaker to John Christian $2100.

Property of J. Shoemaker to Wm. Chrisman $911.

Property of J. Shoemaker to John Reichard $605.

Property of J. Shoemaker to C. E. Trescott $405.

Com. vs. Michael McManaman. Recognizance in sum of $300 for appearance at next term.

The Democratic party stands for tariff for revenue only. But it is feared that there are Democrats high in authority that are for a tariff for individual revenue only instead of a public revenue.

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your blood is thick and sluggish; if your appetite is capricious and uncertain, you need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take DeWitt's. It recommends itself. —W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following persons announce themselves as candidates for the offices named, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF,
G. W. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
(North Side.)

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
of Catawissa township.

FOR STATE SENATOR, (24th District,)
WM. CHRISMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR SHERIFF,
W. W. BLACK,
of Greenwood Township.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. B. McHENRY,
of Benton.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

An examination for entrance to Lafayette College will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms in Wilkes-Barre, June 26 and 27, commencing at 9:30 a. m. Competition is open to anyone residing in the counties of Wayne, Susquehanna, Bradford, Lackawanna, Wyoming, Sullivan, Luzerne, Columbia, Montour and Carbon, Pennsylvania, or who is prepared for college in a school in these counties.

The Alumni Association of Northeastern Pennsylvania offer a first prize of $80 and a second prize of $25 to the applicants who shall pass the best examination and subsequently matriculate.

For further information, apply to BYRON G. HAHN, 32 People's Bank Building, Wilkes-Barre.

LETTING.

Proposals for the repairing and remodeling of the Third street school house will be received by the Secretary of the School Board after June 2, 1894, and up to noon of June 8th, 1894. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Secretary on and after June 2, 1894. The building must be completed by the 20th of August, 1894.

WM. E. RINKER, Sec'y.

6-1-2t.

AT NO PREVIOUS TIME

In the history of American retailing, have Dry Goods been sold as WORTH low as now. The qualities, mind you, are the best, but the prices are away down to a point not dreamed of by the buyer of a couple of years ago. Of course all dealers can not meet this existing demand for low prices. It is the LOOKING opportunity of the resourceful merchant. Capital to buy in quantities and capacity to handle goods to dispose of them in quantities. Allow us to name prices that possess a marvelous fascination for the wisely economical. INTO.

DO WE SPEAK THE TRUTH?

Our Crowded Counters Bear Daily Testimony.

Fifty cent Dress Goods, latest patterns, reduced to 35c., or 7-yard pattern at $2.25. Hill Muslin at 7c. Pepperel R at 6c., and 20 yards for $1.00, etc.

HAVE YOU SEEN "IT?"

If not, just come and inquire what "It" is, and we will explain. You want it.

Grocery Department.

Our Hemlock Full Roller Process Flour, better than ever before, $3.00 per barrel. Fresh country Butter and Eggs always on hand. When you want a lunch, don't forget we have boned chicken, turkey and game, just the thing you want. Have you tried McCann's Irish Oat Meal? Finest in the market.

Pursel & Harman,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Carpets for the Millions
—AT—
Snyder & Magee Co's
SPECIAL SALE
UNTIL JUNE 1.

Some of our friends thought a certain fixed price on goods would be better than our speaking about discounts. All right! We'll do anything you want us as long as you buy the goods. So here's prices.

All wool Extra Super Carpets, every thread wool, for 55c. during our sale. Same carpet sold elsewhere for 75c.
All wool filling 45c., elsewhere 65c.
Half wool filling 40c., elsewhere 55c.
We have them down to 25c.
Bring the measure of the room with you.
Shades, Curtains, Mattings and Oil Cloths cheap.
Parlor Suits and Bedroom Suits very low.
Ladies' undervests 5c., cheap at 25c.
3 pair fast black hose 25c.
Well made house wrappers complete $1.00.
Ladies' undervests 5c., cheap at 25c.
3 pairs of fast black hose 25c.
Well made house wrapper complete $1.00.
Ladies' undervests 5c., cheap at 25c.
3 pairs fast black hose 25c.
Well made house wrappers complete $1.00.
Ladies' undervests 5c., cheap at 25c.
3 pairs fast black hose 25c.
Well made house wrappers complete $1.00.
Keep your eyes on our advertisements during the sale. Special bargains all around.

Snyder & Magee Co. Lim.
4th and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, - PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Legal advertisements are printed on the seventh page. tf.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

J. W. Geisinger acquitted himself finely as a bass singer.

The pavement has been relaid and widened on the Third street side of M. E. Church lot.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

Dr. H. W. McReynolds has laid an Ohio stone pavement in front of his residence on Third street.

Do you want the Oxford Tie shoe? We keep them in stock and for sale at bottom figures. A. J. Hess, Main street.

Among the latest improvements on Third street is a new Ohio stone pavement in front of J. D. Wilson's property.

Jones & Walter showed their patriotism on Decoration Day by decorating one of the windows of their shoe store with bunting.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

Now, as to fine boots, shoes and slippers, give A. J. Hess a call, and the chances are ten to one that he will sell you something.

Frank Brown bought a fine five years old horse at the sale of Mc Crachen & Forbes at Danville, last Saturday, for the Bloomsburg Beef Co.

Julius Lindegren, the piano tuner, has left Bloomsburg, but will return the latter part of June. Orders for tuning may be left at the store of Peacock & Co. tf.

A huckster from out of town sold strawberries in front of the post office last Saturday night for five cents a basket. He had an over abundant supply, which would not keep over Sunday.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

There will be a gathering of Veterans at the Patterson Camp Meeting ground, near Harveyville, in early August. Harry Palmer and E. J. Bowman are selected as orators of the day.

About one hundred members of the G. A. R. Sons of Veterans, and Ladies Aid Society, attended services at St. Paul's Church on Sunday morning. An excellent sermon was preached by the Rector, Rev. W. C. Leverett.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

It cures blood and skin disorders. It does this quickly and permanently. Is there any good reason why you should not use DeWitt's Sarsaparilla? It recommends itself. W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

A pension of $281.00 has been granted to Annie Brockway, minor child of Capt. C. B. Brockway deceased. This is the back pay, and includes four dollars a month until the minor becomes of age.

Work over time is now the order with the Bloomsburg Car Co. Several other industries can manage to run extra time here, while her neighboring towns are evidently waiting for the tariff bill in accordance with the wish of the national combine.

DeWitt's Sarsaparilla is prepared, for cleansing the blood from impurities and disease. It does this and more. It builds up and strengthens constitutions impaired by disease. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton Druggist. tf

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

I. Maier, best clothier, in Opera House block.

There was a large delegation from Forks to the Sunday School Convention.

Orders for binding the "Magic City" can be left at the COLUMBIAN Office, at prices ranging from 65 cents to $1.50. 2w.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

Let us remind you that now is the time to take DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It will do you good. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf

Perhaps the most pleasing feature of our recent Sunday School Convention was the music, both vocal and instrumental.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

In reference to an eight story church about to be built in Chicago, New York jealously yet somewhat truthfully remarks that Chicago will still be a long way from Heaven.

There was a very perceptible white frost on Tuesday morning, severe enough to give the more tender vegetation quite a nip, if indeed it did not destroy the more succulent plants and vegetables.

A lot of new notes of the sharpest kind have just been printed and are for sale at this office. Also common receipts, estate receipts, and collectors' receipts, neatly bound in books of 25, 50 and 100. tf.

For the best values in clothing go to I. Maier, Opera House block.

As a matter of some consolation to those who have not a superlative gift of words we may safely remark that the age in which we live needs good thinkers even worse than it needs good talkers. To think well and obey the thought is better far than to talk well and act the opposite.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

To merchants in the habit of going out of town for printing and using home offices for personal puffs, social mention, &c., we will only say that it would make a difference with you, also, were your home printers to resolve to retaliate by doing their trading abroad.

Small expenses enable me to give you better values than any clothier in Bloomsburg. I. Maier, Opera House block.

The second number of Russell's Art Collections has been received, and it is a thing of beauty. The reproductions of famous paintings are exquisitely reproduced and every lover of pretty pictures should secure this series. We shall take pleasure in showing samples to any one who desires to see them. They are not for sale here, but we will gladly give the necessary information as to where they can be obtained.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

He has them and he intends to keep them only until he sells them to the satisfaction of buyers. Then he will buy more to sell again. We refer to A. J. Hess, the dealer in boots, shoes, slippers, &c.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ATTENTION, JUST ONE MOMENT!

Every subscriber who owes for THE COLUMBIAN for a year or more will receive a statement of his account inclosed in his paper this week. They are sent out, because we have many hundreds of dollars outstanding, which have been earned, and it is ours, and we want it, because we need it. These notices are enclosed in the papers, as it would cost twenty dollars or more for postage if we mailed them separately to all who owe us. It is not done for the mere matter of amusement on our part, and we are in earnest when we say that these accounts *must* be settled. It is an old story, but we repeat that it takes cash for wages every Saturday, cash for everything used in a printing office, and all bills must be met promptly.

The best place to get your clothing is at I. Maier's in Opera House block.

The commissioners have directed the payments of all orders issued to Mr. Hendler for work on the river bridge, except for clay in the cofferdam.

Do you want russet shoes, patent, leather shoes, dress shoes, slippers of every kind, or in fact, anything in the boot or shoe line, then once more we are pleased to remind you that A. J. Hess is still in this business, and that he competes with competitors.

Let's see, did our weather prophets tell us all about it in advance, and caution us to make ready for our recent long continued down-pour of rain? We are afraid our weather-prophets forgot to mention it. Of course they knew all about it. But some folks don't tell all they know.

The case of W. R. Ringrose against the Town of Bloomsburg, is on trial in court this week. The plaintiff seeks damages for injuries received by a fall on a defective side-walk on Third street in front of J. B. Robison's residence. Messrs. Scarlet and Little are counsel for Ringrose, and Messrs. Ikeler, Robison and Rhawn for the defendant. The case is being hotly contested, and is attended with much interest. Court adjourned over Wednesday.

Railroad Gazette, May 26, 1894: "On Pennsylvania road, near Downington, Pa., an east bound freight train was derailed by a fallen brake-beam and several cars fell over upon the west bound track, where they were struck by a west bound train, and 19 cars altogether were wrecked. A man stealing a ride on one of the trains was killed and another injured. A brakeman was also injured."

The use of the patent brake made by the Beamless Brake Company, of Bloomsburg, would prevent the possibility of such accidents.

The many friends of John P. Hannon of Conyngham township, will be pained to learn that he is stricken with disease and unable to attend to his public duties. He has been confined to the house for many months, and his trouble has been pronounced Bright's Disease. Mr. Hannon is one of the best citizens of the lower end, and a speedy recovery is wished him by all his acquaintances.

Since writing the above, the sad news comes of Mr. Hannon's death. He expired on Sunday afternoon while his wife was reading to him, and she hardly knew when the vital spark went out. The funeral took place on Thursday, at Centralia.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

It is the duty of this community to cast its influence directly toward the welfare and prosperity of the Bedal Gold Cure Institute in our midst. There is an effort on the part of some individuals to persuade and decoy the victims of rum to Harrisburg and other places for pecuniary reward. All this money that pays their expenses is a loss to Bloomsburg and a gain to Harrisburg. Aside from this the patients are away from home and incur extra expense. As the Institute is of immense benefit to the town, society and the world at large we do hope that our citizens, societies and churches will take this thing in hand and exercise vigilant care in persuading the inebriate to remain among friends and not leave home and its endearments and blessings and undergo the treatment here that will rescue him from ruin and restore him to friends, society and usefulness. You will never have an opportunity to do a nobler act. "Now is the day of salvation" for fathers, husbands, sons and brothers that put the poisoned chalice to their lips. B.

Lafayette College Examinations.

The Lafayette College Alumni Association of Northeastern Pennsylvania offer a first prize of $50.00 and a second of $25.00 to the applicant passing the best entrance examination at Wilkes-Barre, June 26 and 27. Particulars are given in an advertisement elsewhere in this paper. Regardless of the prizes, this examination is intended as a convenience for persons of this section who intend to enter the college.

LAST CHANCE FOR MAGIC CITY.

All those who have been taking the "Magic City" portfolios, are delighted with them, and well they may be, for they are beautiful pictures of the World's Fair, and the price is extremely low. Hundreds of them have been sold by us, and the opportunity to get them will soon end. We shall not handle them after July 1, and all who want them must order at once. Orders will be received only for full sets, 18 numbers, at $1.80, or for single numbers only to complete sets, at 10 cents each. We have arranged to have them bound for 85 cents to $1.50. Don't wait another minute, but send in your order. No coupons will be required. 3t.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

Why not? That's our business. We buy shoes to sell them to buy more shoes to sell them. If we have not retired yet, it is likely because we have no mint in our profits. We simply reiterate that we buy shoes to sell them to buy more shoes to sell them. Call and see us. A. J. Hess.

In *Dun's Commercial Review* may be found these cheering words; "Neither strikes nor foreign distrust long retard the progress of this country."

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

What makes a house a home? The mother well, the children rosy, the father in good health and good humor. All brought about by the use of DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist tf.

J. R. Townsend is the leading Merchant Tailor of Columbia county. See his advertisement on fourth page. tf.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

At the shoe store of A. J. Hess you can find anything you may want in the line of course or fine wootwear. He is located at the old stand on Main street Call and see him.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

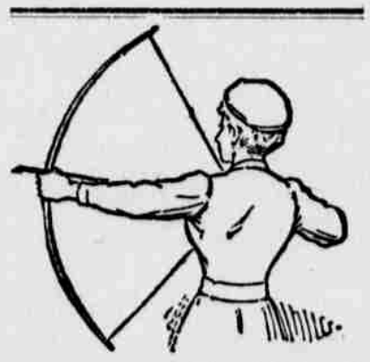
Something wrong when you tire too easily. Something wrong when the skin is not clear and smooth. Something wrong when the Blood is impure. Everything right when you take DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Fruit culture is more profitable to the farmer now than his other crops. Brown, Bros. Co., the most extensive nursery house in the U. S., have a vacancy in this section. Write them at Rochester, N. Y., for their terms. 4-6-3m.

Creates health, creates strength, creates vigor; DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.



It will bend, but it won't break. That's Kabo. Wear a Kabo corset for a year, and if any "bones" break or kink, we'll return your money.

Wear it for a week or two and see. Then, if you don't like it, return it, even if it is soiled, and get your money.

For sale by Pursell & Harman.

—THE—

Nerve Tonic.

Meredith's Celery with Pepsin Bitters, is Non-Alcoholic. It is a true Nerve Tonic, an active Alterative, a reliable Laxative and Diuretic. It restores Strength, renews Vitality, Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. Price $1.00 per bottle at all druggists and groceries. If they don't have it, write to

G. W. Meredith & Co.,

Pittsburg, Pa., and they will see that you get it.

Sept 8, 1ym.

By Fair Dealing We Thrive.

YOUR

Will serve you much better in looking over the values that we give you, much better than all the explanations we could give you on paper regarding our clothes. If you're a close buyer and want Good Clothing this store should be your objective point, *because* we carry full and complete sizes in all departments—men's boys' and children's of every description. If you're a large man taking a size 50, we can fit you, if you're a small man taking a size 34, we can fit you, and any size between. On Boys' and Children's Suits we are head and shoulders above other houses in point of style, variety and goodness, and regarding our prices, we'll leave that to you. The fact that we sell more clothing than all the other clothing stores in town combined tell plainly of our fair treatment.

J. M. Gidding & Co.,

THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS, HATTERS and FURNISHERS

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OPPOSITE BLOOMSBURG BANKING CO., AND 2 DOORS BELOW P. O.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

"DOES IT PAY TO BUY GOODS IN BLOOMSBURG?"

See the Mercantile Appraiser's List!

83 places of business, (with the milliner stores thrown in), where you can buy from a needle to a grindstone. "What do you "hear" from our last week's purchasers in the city?" viz: New Dress Goods, new Trimmings, new Laces, new Curtains, new Chenille Table Covers, new Gloria Umbrellas, new White Goods, new Dotted Swiss, new Shirt Waists, new Underwear, new *Dress Makers'* Trimmings, new Wrappers, new Gloves, new Mitts for Ladies and Misses. Special showing of 4½ doz. Chenille and Table and Stand Covers from 59c. to $3.50. Chenille Curtains, all prices. Running off Spring Coats and Capes at ¼ off. A look through our stock will convince you that it pays to buy goods in Bloomsburg.

Fine Dishes decorate our shelves, and are for sale.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Ought to have told you before

We have bought a cargo of Cloths that look well and wear well in all weathers, many colors, several qualities, at a price that seemed next to nothing, and turned them into Suits at $12. $15. $16.—according to grade. Really valuable, excellent Clothing. Only one thing-thousands too many. Can't sell them all unless we do something. Quick loss is the least, and

We sell $12. Suits now for $8.50
We sell $15. Suits now for $10.00
We sell $16. Suits now for $12.00

Been selling them pretty rapidly, but we ought to sell two to you to one in the city. Everyday Suits, good for work, for driving, for recreation, for any use, almost, and out of every four dollars worth one is saved. They'll outwear two ordinary Wool Suits.

The Railroad Fare Question
The Railroad Fare Question
} We pay Fare both ways if your purchase is of reasonable, moderate amount.

Thousands of other Suits, $10. to $25. Best Clothing we ever made.

Wanamaker & Brown

Sixth and Market Philadelphia

YOU CAN GET
$40.00
For Nothing.
HOW?

By Buying a $115 LOVELL for $75.

Strictly high grade in every respect and guaranteed for one year.

CLEVELAND, $75 to $150. ROCHESTER, $85 to $100. BINGHAMTON, $65. LOVELL, $25 to $125.

W. S. RISHTON, AGENT FOR COLUMBIA COUNTY, Opposite Post Office.

AMERICAN ROMANCE.

OUR GREAT CIVIL WAR WAS FULL OF IT.

Deeds of Quantrell and His Men—Savagery That Recalled the Dark Ages—Career of Wanton Killing—Influence of a Mother.

THE romance of our great civil war is not yet properly appreciated. Some ages hence the historian and writer of fiction will find it a mine of adventure and romance. The "Age of Chivalry" in Europe was not more full of daring exploits and bloody deeds. The history of the noted guerrilla, Clarke Quantrell, one of the strangest and most singular figures of our civil war, is an instance to the point.

Quantrell was born in Canal Dorer, Ohio, in 1837. His aged mother, now in her seventy-fifth year, is still living there. Quantrell's father was a quiet, estimable man, who was a teacher and principal of Union college. Young Quantrell graduated from Union college at the age of sixteen, and for a while taught school himself.

Quantrell had not yet passed his twentieth birthday when he made his appearance in Paola, Kan., in the spring of 1857. After many adventures, he attached himself to a small band of daring spirits in Lawrence, Kan., who were ever ready to aid the

Running Down Pickets.

escape of fugitive slaves from Missouri, and to give protection to the free colored people who in considerable numbers had moved from the adjacent States into Kansas. He was actuated by no worthy motive, however. He did it to cloak his connection with a band of Missourians who were kidnapping the free colored people of Kansas and running them into Arkansas, where they sold them into slavery. The band had many bloody adventures, and finally, in an attack on the house of Morgan Walker, a wealthy farmer, all of the band except Quantrell were shot dead.

On the breaking out of the civil war Quantrell turned up in Missouri at the head of a small band of marauders. One of their deeds was the murder of two Missourists, father and son, which led to the dispersion of the band.

At Blue Springs, Mo., in May, 1861, his famous band of guerrillas was organized, and its sudden and merciless raids soon became the terror of the Kansas border. Quantrell's band was made up entirely of volunteers, the most of them being young farmers from the Missouri boarder counties, and it also included a number of Kentuckians and Arkansans. Each member was armed with rifle and revolver, the later being the favorite weapon. No oaths were taken and no vouchers required to secure membership. "Can you shoot to kill?" was the only question asked of each new volunteer. At first Quantrell spared the lives of the prisoners taken in the raids, but this clemency was short lived.

Quantrell's command over his reckless and lawless followers was complete. He seldom divulged his plans until the moment for execution came, and taught his men that their first duty was to follow where he led.

The adventures of this lawless band would fill a volume.

In the summer of 1863, at a time when the borders of Kansas and Missouri was almost denuded of Union troops, Quantrell prepared for his long contemplated raid on Lawrence,

Charging Into Lawrence.

the most bloody and ruthless chapter in the history of the war. On the night of August 19, 1863, at his camp on Blackwater creek, near Columbus, Mo., he collected his followers to the numbers of 274 and, briefly explaining his designs, rode towards the Kansas border.

The dress of the guerillas closely resembled the Federal uniforms, and to the farmers who they encountered as they advanced, the leaders said that their followers were recruits for the Ninth Kansas Cavalry. The Federal Cavalry, under Col. Plumb, received information, but was unable to overtake Quantrell. When the guerillas entered Lawrence, some eighty of them scattered about the streets of the town, but the main body under Quantrell rode straight for the camp of the unarmed white recruits, where 100 men were sleeping, happily unconscious of impending death. A desperate fight ensued. Every one of the recruits was finally shot down, but this did not end the work of slaughter. Every man or boy who appeared on the streets was shot dead.

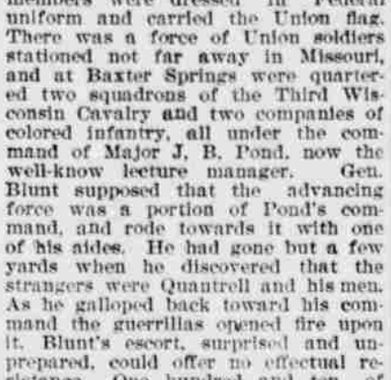
The guests of the Eldridge hotel were saved by Quantrell's order at the request of Robert S. Stevens, a lawyer to whom he was indebted for some former act of kindness. This, however, was the only act of mercy shown. Three hundred buildings were fired and every business place in the town sacked and plundered. Quantrell ended the Lawrence raid with a loss of but seven men. The number of his victims, unarmed men and boys, was 286. In defending the outrage afterward, Quantrell said: "I wanted to kill Jim Lane, who lived there, and as I hadn't the honor of his acquaintance, I killed every man I could see to shoot at."

But Kansas was not to escape without another visit from Quantrell and his terrible band. Early in October, 1863, six weeks after the Lawrence massacre, Gen. Blunt, with his staff, band, clerks and an escort of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, the party numbering in all 150 men, was marching toward Fort Smith, Ark. When near Baxter Springs, Kan., close to the borders of the Indian territory, he was met by a body of cavalry, whose members were dressed in Federal uniform and carried the Union flag. There was a force of Union soldiers stationed not far away in Missouri, and at Baxter Springs were quartered two squadrons of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry and two companies of colored infantry, all under the command of Major J. B. Pond, now the well-know lecture manager. Gen. Blunt supposed that the advancing force was a portion of Pond's command, and rode towards it with one of his aides. He had gone but a few yards when he discovered that the strangers were Quantrell and his men. As he galloped back toward his command the guerrillas opened fire upon it. Blunt's escort, surprised and unprepared, could offer no effectual resistance. One hundred and ten of them were slain, all but ten of them being shot after they were taken prisoners. Gen. Blunt, his aide, and thirty of his men were the only ones who succeeded in making their escape.

After the slaughter at Baxter Springs the pursuit of Quantrell became so hot that he relinquished his leadership, and his band split up into independent squads led by his various lieutenants. Then he joined the command of Gen. Sterling Price, and when the latter retreated from his Missouri campaign in the fall of 1864 Quantrell and his party went with the army.

Price crossed the Arkansas a few miles east of Fort Gibson in the Indian territory, but being a man of humane impulse as well as a brave soldier soon gave Quantrell to understand that he preferred that the guerrilla and his party should quit the army. Quantrell quickly acted upon his hint, and cutting loose from Price campaigned for a time in Southern Arkansas and Eastern Texas. None of the Confederate commanders would recognize him, and he finally moved eastward across Arkansas.

He now resolved to make his way to Kentucky, and from there to Maryland, where, as he afterward stated,



Escape of Quantrell.

he intended to surrender with Lee or again engage in guerrilla warfare. He dressed his men in the Federal uniforms stolen from the bodies of the Union soldiers at Baxter Springs, and, successfully eluding the Union posts in Arkansas, reached the Mississippi in safety.

After trying various points, he finally effected the passage of the river, fifteen miles above Memphis, on New Year's day, 1865. Once within the Federal lines, Quantrell represented himself as a Federal officer on special scouting duty, and drew rations and supplies at the several Union posts through which he passed. His band crossed Tennessee into Kentucky and passed through Big Creek, Covington, Paris and other places on their way to the mountains of southwestern Kentucky.

Stopping one night at a country hotel, Quantrell, after supper saw his men to bed and ordered them not to leave their rooms unless he called them. However, some of them disobeyed this order and went to the barroom for whiskey. Here they fell in with a group of Federal officers. Guerrillas and soldiers drank deeply, and finally fell to quarrelling. Pistols were drawn, and in the fight that followed several of the officers were shot dead.

This untimely encounter served to reveal the identity of Quantrell and his men, and the guerrilla leader saw that their only safety lay in flight. The guerrillas hastily mounted their horses, and by hard riding eluded the pursuing enemy and reached the mountains. But Federal cavalry under Major Bridgewater and Capt. Tirrell, drove them from one hiding place to another, and the forces of the latter finally brought them to bay on May 10, 1865, near Taylorsville, Ky.

Here Quantrell made his last stand and fought his last fight. Two of his followers were killed and one wounded; the rest escaped, scattering in all directions, and in the end making their way back to Missouri as best they could.

Quantrell himself was mortally wounded. He was shot through the shoulder blade, the ball striking his spine and paralyzing him. Two days after the fight he was taken to the U. S. military hospital in Louisville, where he died on June 6. He was buried in St. John's cemetery, Louisville, and when they went to dress him for the grave they found fifty marks on his body, made by bullets and sabers.

In his final moments his better nature returned, and in the last words, it is said, that fell from his lips as they grew cold in death were the name of his mother.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, 16 SOUTH MARKET SQUARE, HARRISBURG, May 21, 1894.—*To the Democratic Electors of Pennsylvania:*

In accordance with the resolution passed at a meeting of the Democratic state executive committee at its conference on April 16, 1894, I hereby give notice that the Democrats, by their duly chosen representatives, will meet in state convention, in Harrisburg, on Wednesday, June 27, 1894, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Representatives-at-large in Congress, (two to be nominated) Auditor General and Secretary of Internal Affairs, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

In accordance with rule 6, section 1, unanimously approved by the State convention, September 19, 1893, the representation shall consist of representative delegates, one for each one thousand votes cast at the last preceding Presidential election, or for a fraction of such vote amounting to five hundred or more, in the respective representative districts, provided that each representative district shall have at least one delegate. The representation in the coming State convention, based on the Presidential vote of 1892, is as follows, to wit:

Adams	4	Lycoming	8
Allegheny—		McKean	3
1st District	3	Mercer	5
2nd "	3	Mifflin	2
3rd "	3	Monroe	3
4th "	2	Montgomery	14
7th "	9	Montour	2
6th "	5	Northampton	10
7th "	3	Northumberland	7
8th "	5	Perry	3
Armstrong	4	Philadelphia—	
Beaver	4	1st District	5
Bedford	4	2nd "	3
Berks—		3rd "	2
1st District	7	4th "	2
2nd "	12	5th "	1
Blair	5	6th "	2
Bradford	4	7th "	1
Bucks	8	8th "	1
Butler	4	9th "	1
Cambria	6	10th "	2
Cameron	1	11th "	1
Carbon	4	12th "	2
Centre	5	13th "	1
Chester	8	14th "	2
Clarion	4	15th "	4
Clearfield	6	16th "	4
Clinton	6	17th "	2
Columbia	3	18th "	7
Crawford	6	19th "	4
Cumberland	5	20th "	2
Dauphin—		21st "	3
1st District	4	22nd "	7
2nd "	4	23rd "	3
Delaware	6	24th "	5
Elk	2	25th "	5
Erie—		26th "	2
1st District	4	27th "	6
2nd "	3	28th "	4
Fayette	8	Pike	1
Forest	1	Potter	2
Franklin	5	Schuylkill—	
Fulton	1	1st District	2
Greene	4	2nd "	3
Huntingdon	3	3rd "	3
Indiana	2	4th "	5
Jefferson	3	Snyder	2
Juniata	2	Somerset	2
Lackawanna—		Sullivan	1
1st District	2	Susquehanna	3
2nd "	3	Tioga	3
3rd "	1	Union	2
4th "	3	Venango	3
Lancaster—		Warren	3
1st District	8	Washington	7
2nd "	2	Wayne	3
3rd "	5	Westmoreland	11
Lawrence	2	Wyoming	2
Lebanon	3	York	13
Lehigh	10	Total	454
Luzerne—			
1st District	3		
2nd "	2		
3rd "	2		
4th "	3		
5th "	3		
6th "	2		

Special notice is directed to rule 6, section 5, concerning contests: "Every person desiring to contest the seat of a Delegate shall be required to give notice, in writing, of such intention, together with the grounds of contest, to the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee and to the person whose seat he desires to contest, within ten days of the date upon which the election was held," &c.

JAMES A. STRANAHAN,
Chairman Democratic State Central Committee
OLIVER R. SNYDER,
Secretary Democratic State Central Committee.

KENTUCKY TICK BITES.

The bite of Kentucky ticks is sometimes fatal. Mr. F. A. Tabor was bitten by a tick with very peculiar and nearly fatal results. He was sitting in a drug store when he felt a stinging sensation under his clothes, and, upon its increasing to acute pain, he retired to investigate the cause and found a tick with its head imbedded in the flesh. He removed the intruder, but the venomous little insect had left its poison and with the velocity of the circulation it was disseminated through his system. His nose was the first member affected. It became a fiery red streaked with bright green, and swelled rapidly until it reached the size of a large tumbler. His eyes were angrily inflamed and emitted an intense heat. His face was quickly swollen and fiercely convulsed with most excruciating pain. Terrible convulsions seized his body and he was writhing in agony that seemed to forebode the death struggle when a physician arrived, and with much difficulty relieved his sufferings. After a short while he recovered sufficiently to go home, but he was very weak and showed plainly in his haggard face and extreme nervousness the effects of his violent sickness. The tick was an ordinary dog tick, but for virulence of its poison it surpasses any of its kind ever heard of.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

[N. B.—To successfully remove ticks of all kinds from the flesh take a hot iron or a lighted cigar and warm them up from the rear. When it gets uncomfortably hot behind they will let loose in front in order to see what's the matter. Then's when you get the best of tick, and without tearing his head off in your flesh to fester.]

IT'S SURPRISING

how far a dollar will go in the buying of Men's and Boys' SPRING CLOTHES. Our ready Cash secured cloth at less than the cost of making, and everybody knows how low wages were last winter. You get the benefit of other people's misfortunes.

BROWNING, KING & CO.

910-912 CHESTNUT STREET.

Warren A. Reed. PHILADELPHIA

Th Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works

on West St. between 2nd and 3rd, are now prepared to do all kinds of

Mens' Suits, Ladies' Dresses and Coats,

Shawls, and every description of wearing apparel. Also, we do scouring, cleaning and pressing of goods that do not need dyeing, and make them clean and sweet as new.

Goods sent by express should be addressed

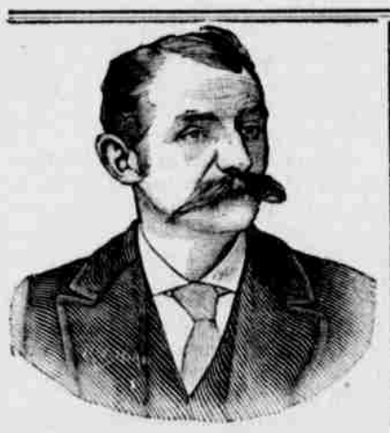
Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works.

Plows!
Harrows!
Corn Planters!
Cultivators.

CLOVER SEED,
TIMOTHY SEED,
AGRICULTURAL SALT,
ETC., ETC.

D. W. KITCHEN,

BLOOMSBURG, - Penna.



DR. E. GREWER,

The Philadelphia Specialist,

And his associated staff of English and German Physicians, will be at the

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.,

MONDAY, JUNE 18, 94,

(ONE DAY ONLY IN EACH MONTH.)

Where they may be consulted. The Doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia. He is also an honorary member of the Medico-Chirurgical Association, and was physician and surgeon-in-chief of the most noted American and German hospitals, comes highly indorsed by the leading professors of Philadelphia and New York.

His many years of hospital experience enables this eminent physician and surgeon to correctly diagnose and treat all deformities and diseases with the most flattering success, and his high standing in the State will not allow him to accept any incurable case.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED,

Weakness of Young Men Cured.

If you have been given up by your physician, call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weakness, Affections of the Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers, and Cripples of every description. Consultation in English and German free, which shall be considered sacred and strictly confidential.

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TEMPLE COURT BUILDING,

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OFFICE HOURS: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily Sunday, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. 5-18-1y.

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Sold outright, no rent, no royalty. Adapted to City, Village or Country. Needed in every home, shop, store and office. Greatest convenience and best seller on earth.

Agents make from $5 to $50 per day.

One in a residence means a sale to all the neighbors. Fine instruments, no toys, works anywhere, any distance. Complete, ready for use when shipped. Can be put up by any one, never out of order, no repairing, lasts a life time. Warranted. A money maker. Write W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk 10, Columbus, O.

SPECULATION.

The Hodgen Commission Co.,

BROKERS,

308 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., offers special facilities to traders in STOCKS, BONDS AND GRAIN, in large or small quantities, for cash or on margins of one per cent. or more. Send for our pamphlet "*How to Speculate.*" 5-1-4t—d.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgage.

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Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

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C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C.
(Opposite U. S Patent Office.)

ELY'S CREAM BALM

CATARRH

Cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

PATENTS

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Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

J. R. SMITH & Co.

LIMITED.

MILTON, Pa.,

PIANOS.

By the following well-known makers:

Chickering,

Knabe,

Weber,

Hallet & Davis.

Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers' prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

—.·.o.·.—

Catalogue and Price Lists

On application.

CROWN ACME,

The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil

IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

CROWN - ACME

—:o:—

The Atlantic Refining Co.,

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

Legal Advertisements.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT

List of Dealers in Columbia County.

I hereby certify the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me in accordance with the several acts of Assembly is correct to the best of my knowledge.

BEAVER.

Name & Business.	*Class.*	*License.*
C. B. Noetling, store	14	$ 7 00
T. J. Shuman, store	14	7 00
G. P. Dreisbauch, store	14	7 00
Levi Michel, store	14	7 00
M. D. Masteller, store	14	7 00
BENTON.		
C. L. Pelles Est., store	14	7 00
E. Knouse, coal and groceries	14	7 00
H. F. Everett, coal	14	7 00
J. J. McHenry, store	13	10 00
J. M. Kline, organs and S. M.	14	7 00
Ira McHenry, furniture	14	7 00
Alfred McHenry, store	12	12 50
Holland McHenry, store	14	7 00
B. G. Keller, stoves	14	7 00
Pennington & Seely, store	13	10 00
C. M. Smith, store	14	7 00
C. E. Edson, store	14	7 00
C. R. Cox, eating-house	8	5 00
BERWICK.		
C. N. Kisner, drugs	14	7 00
Isaiah Bower, store	14	7 00
Klinetob Bros., furniture	14	7 00
Smith Bros., store	13	10 00
Bredbender Stiles, groceries	14	7 00
L. J. Townsend, jeweler	14	7 00
M. Levy, clothing	13	10 00
T. H. Doan, hardware	13	10 00
Garrison Bros., store	13	10 00
M. G. Smith, confectionery	14	7 00
Joseph M. Schain, store	13	10 00
Swayze & Co., store	13	10 00
W. T. Snyder, wall paper	14	7 00
M. A. Markle, furniture	14	7 00
Henry Dreituss, clothing	14	7 00
H. C. Laubach, h'dw'e & stove	14	7 00
C. L. Reagen & Co., drugs	14	7 00
W. F. Rough, wall paper & p't	14	7 00
F. L. Distelhurst, furniture	14	7 00
Steck & Co. drugs	14	7 00
John Harvey, harness	14	7 00
B. F. Spotenberg, 2 pool and 1 billiard table	6	50 00
Berwick Store Co., Limited store	3	100 00
M. E. Davenport, store	14	7 00
BLOOMSBURG.		
J. W. Eyer, store	13	10 00
W. J. Correll & Co., furniture	13	10 00
J. B. Stecker, groceries	14	7 00
C. S. Furman, harness	14	7 00
C. A. Klein, druggist	14	7 00
T. L. Gunton, marble and stone worker	14	7 00
Riggins & Linese, groceries	14	7 00
L. W. Hartman & Son, store	11	15 00
Pursel & Harman, store	10	30 00
Alexander Bros. & Co., wholesale tobacco	9	25 00
W. H. Brower, carpet	14	7 00
Moyer Bros., wholesale druggists	8	30 00
Louis Gross, clothing	13	10 00
L. T. Sharpless, groceries	11	15 00
Max Gross, shoe store	14	7 00
G. A. McKelvy, drugs	14	7 00
Josiah Ralston, tobacco	14	7 00
W. H. Gilmore, 3 pool tables	6	30 00
M. Ellenbogen & Bro., notions	14	7 00
Frank Shehart, merchant tailor	14	7 00
W. S. Rishton, drugs	14	7 00
Thomas Hickey, store	14	7 00
J. Pursel, store	14	7 00
J. K. Pensyl, store	13	10 00
L. K. Wharry, stoves and tin	14	7 00
F. E. Brown, butcher & dealer	14	7 00
C. Saltzer, organs & S. M.	14	7 00
S. F. Peacock & Co., hardware	13	10 00
J. R. Townsend, furnishing goods	14	7 00
C. E. Savage, jewelry store	14	7 00
Jones & Walters, boots and shoes	14	7 00
J. M. Gidding & Co., clothing	13	10 00
J. G. Wells, jewelry	14	7 00
James McCloskey, 3 pool tables	6	30 00
Cummings & Verdy, confectioners	13	10 00
John Bush, groceries	14	7 00
D. W. Kitchen, grain	12	12 50
Joseph Garrison, flour and feed	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Car Co., store	11	15 00
William H. Slate, bookstore	13	10 00
H. W. Sloan, store	13	10 00
J. W. Masteller, notions	14	7 00
M. L. Kline, harness	14	7 00
J. D. Armstrong, groceries	14	7 00
Hartman & Harman, stoves	14	7 00
William Webb, tobacco	14	7 00
P. A. Vannatta, wall paper	14	7 00
G. P. Ringler, drugs	14	7 00
Eshleman & Wolf, stoves	14	7 00
W. O. Holmes, stoves	14	7 00
H. J. Clark & Son, store	11	15 00
W. C. McKinney, shoes	14	7 00
M. M. Phillips & Son, cafe	8	5 00
M. M. Phillips & Son, confectionery	14	7 00
D. Lowenberg Est., clothing	13	10 00
J. R. Schuyler, hardware	13	10 00
C. W. Runyon, hardware	13	10 00
Hess Bros., jewelry	14	7 00
W. H. Moore, store	12	12 50
Evans & Eyer, clothing	14	7 00
J. R. Mercer, drugs	14	7 00
D. A. Creasy, store	14	7 00
J. A. Hess, boots and shoes	14	7 00
Jacob Keller, wholesale notions	9	25 00
W. C. Richart, feed and groceries	14	7 00
I. Maier, clothing	14	7 00
H. V. White & Co., grain	12	12 50
A. Solleder, leather	14	7 00
N. W. Barton, store	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Car Co., coal	14	7 00
Harman & Hassert, coal	14	7 00
William Gingles, store	14	7 00
W. R. Kocher & Co., coal	12	12 50
Creasy & Wells, lumber	11	15 00
Atlantic Refining Co. oil	12	12 50
P. G. Miller, coal	14	7 00
Farmers' Produce Ex. store	12	12 50
Daniel Mourey, restaurant	8	5 00
F. H. and J. M. Webb, store	13	10 00
S. M. Hess, coal	14	7 00
E. E. Mears, store	14	7 00
Snyder Magee Co., Limited store	10	30 00
Samuel Russel coal oil	14	7 00
BRIARCREEK.		
D. F. Fowler, store	14	7 00
CATAWISSA.		
M. A. Swank, store	14	7 00
I. H. Seesholtz, store and coal	12	12 50
C. E. Clewell, store	14	7 00
Monroe Seltzinger, pool table	8	30 00
G. B. Rhawn, stove and hardware	14	7 00
W. B. Shuck, 1 billiard and 1 pool table	7	40 00
Simon Raup, coal dealer	14	7 00
David Giffen coal dealer	14	7 00
C. W. Harder, lumber	14	7 00
J. A. Guiterman, store	12	12 50
E. M. Tewksbury, fertilizer	14	7 00
H. H. Baldy, store	10	30 00
H. F. Spangler, clothing	14	7 00
David Derr, shoe store	14	7 00
Lloyd Berger, clothing	14	7 00
J. R. Delmer, store	13	10 00
J. D. Boline, shoe store	14	7 00
C. S. Waltz, stationery	14	7 00
T. D. Berninger's son, furniture	14	7 00
Sharpless Bros.	10	30 00
P. R. Ervin, confectionery	14	7 00
J. L. Walter, tobacco	14	7 00
C. Schnuck, hardware	13	10 00
Edward Ward, shoe store	14	7 00
A. S. Truckenmiller, pianos and organs	14	7 00
C. E. Harder, furniture	14	7 00
S. D. Rinard, store	12	7 00
C. C. Willets, drugs	14	7 00
E. Fisher, drugs	14	7 00
K. S. Cleaver, stoves	14	7 00
C. W. Harder, lumber	14	7 00
CENTRALIA.		
H. C. Michael, furniture	14	7 00
D. C. Black, groceries	14	7 00
Andrew Lenehan, groceries	14	7 00
C. Fetterman, pool table	8	30 00
L. E. Davis, drugs	14	7 00
A. E. Fetterman, groceries	14	7 00
James Dyke, dressed meat	14	7 00
L. A. Riley & Co., store	2	150 00
A. L. Friday, store	14	7 00
O. B. Millard, store	12	12 50
Lafayette Fetterman, store	14	7 00
G. W. Davis, drugs	14	7 00
C. H. Getchy, store	12	10 00
C. G. Murphy, store	12	12 50
Thomas Irvin, store	13	10 00
A. Ball, confectionery	14	7 00
Harry Levit, clothing	14	7 00
H. R. Goldsworthy & Co., drugs	14	7 00
J. W. Goldsworthy, pool table	8	30 00
B. J. Dyke, dressed meat	14	7 00
CENTRE.		
Low Bros. & Co., store	13	10 00
G. B. Sponsler, store	14	7 00
Brobst & Son, store	14	7 00
Z. T. Fowler, coal and grain	14	10 00
J. C. Ritter, machinery & fertilizer	14	7 00
H. E. Bowers, store	14	7 00
CONYNGHAM.		
G. W. Welker, store	14	7 00
Daniel Goodman, store	14	7 00
A. E. Fetterman, groceries	14	7 00
Mid Valley Supply Co., store	7	40 00
FISHINGCREEK.		
J. M. Ammerman, store	14	7 00
Mary Lewis, store	14	7 00
G. M. Howell, store	14	7 00
Mather Bros., store	14	7 00
J. W. Larned, store	14	7 00
M. McHenry & Son, store	14	7 00
A. B. McHenry, store	14	7 00
FRANKLIN.		
Bolich Bros., store	14	7 00
George Bucher, store	14	7 00

Legal Advertisements.

GREENWOOD.

Jacob Rantz, store	14	7 00
P. D. Black, store	14	7 00
A. J. Derr, store	14	7 00
E. E. Parker, store	14	7 00
W. M. Eves & Son, store	14	7 00
L. Brenner, store	14	7 00
J. E. Welliver, store	14	7 00
HEMLOCK.		
Charles Harris, store	14	7 00
Dent & Shaffer, store	14	7 00
JACKSON.		
H. H. Hurliman, store	14	7 00
LOCUST.		
Irvin Kreischer, store	14	7 00
W. H. Billeg, store	14	7 00
L. H. Daniels, store	14	7 00
E. H. Whitner, store	14	7 00
Thomas Seaborn, farm tools	14	7 00
E. C. Yeager, store	14	7 00
Farmers Alliance store	14	7 00
J. W. Snyder, store	14	7 00
W. M. Adams, store	14	7 00
Adam Rarig, farm tools	14	7 00
H. W. Small, store	14	7 00
MADISON.		
D. Leidacker, store	14	7 00
J. H. Henrie, store	14	7 00
MAIN.		
W. P. Zaner, store	14	7 00
W. M. Longenberger, store	14	7 00
U. J. Campbell, store	14	7 00
Allison Derr, store	14	7 00
MIFFLIN.		
E. Schweppenheiser, store	14	7 00
D. C. Bond, store	14	7 00
J. W. Creasy, store	14	7 00
R. J. Berninger, furniture	14	7 00
D. A. Hess, coal	14	7 00
A. W. Snyder, store	14	7 00
Mineral Oil Co., wholesale oil	14	7 00
Aaron Hess, coal	14	7 00
MILLVILLE.		
Y. P. Eves & Henrie, furniture	14	7 00
J. B. Eves, farm implements	14	7 00
J. C. Christian clothing	14	7 00
Byron S. Keller, stoves	14	7 00
C. S. Ely, drugs	14	7 00
Ellis Eves & Bro., store	11	15 00
Masters & Co., store	11	15 00
J. L. John, grain, salt and phosphate	14	7 00
MONTOUR.		
Arthur Roberts, store	14	7 00
Yost & Yinger, store	14	7 00
H. R. Grimes, store	14	7 00
MT. PLEASANT.		
W. H. Manning & Co., store	14	7 00
Henry Kindt, store	14	7 00
ORANGE.		
Amos Neyhard, furniture	14	7 00
E. G. Stewart, store	14	7 00
A. M. Dewitt, store	13	10 00
H. B. Low, coal and grain	14	7 00
G. W. Bidleman, confectionery and groceries	14	7 00
Fleckenstine, store	13	10 00
C. M. Cook, notions and groceries	14	7 00
White & Conner, agricultural implements	14	7 00
PINE.		
J. F. Lemon, store	14	7 00
ROARINGCREEK.		
Houck & Yocum, store	14	7 00
SCOTT.		
Isaac Reichart, store	14	7 00
Silas Young, store	14	7 00
A. P. Rowel, store	14	7 00
J. E. White, store	14	7 00
W. M. Robbins, store	14	7 00
William Bogart, store	13	10 00
W. E. Deitterich, store	14	7 00
N. Richart, store	14	7 00
W. B. Freese, store	14	7 00
J. D. Werkheiser, store	14	7 00
Jerris Miller, coal	14	7 00
Silver Spring Quarry Co., store	13	10 00
SUGARLOAF.		
Andrew Laubach, store	14	7 00
Jacob Lorah, store	14	7 00
R. J. Force, drugs and notions	14	7 00
Drum Bros. & Co., store	13	10 00
B. D. Cole, store	14	7 00
John Kennedy, 1 pool table	8	30 00
Elijah Hess, store	14	7 00

Appeals will be held at the Commissioners' office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 3rd day of June A. D., 1893, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., where you can attend if you think proper.

O. T. WILSON,
Mercantile Appraiser.

May 25-4t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF WM. NEAL, C. W. NEAL AND R. C. NEAL, DOING BUSINESS AS WM. NEAL & SONS, AND THE SAID WM. NEAL, C. W. NEAL AND R. C. NEAL INDIVIDUALLY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the property and effects of Wm. Neal, C. W. Neal, R. C. Neal, doing business as Wm. Neal & Sons, and the said Wm. Neal, C. W. Neal and R. C. Neal individually.

All bills and accounts receivable by the said parties are now payable to the Assignee, and all claims against the parties should be sent to him to be filed and audited.

JOHN M. CLARK,
Assignee.

May 4-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Farrell, late of Centralia Bor., deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of George Farrell, late of Centralia Borough, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them to

C. G. MURPHY,
Administrator.

FRED IKELER, Atty.

4-27-6t.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice of application for the renewal of the Charter of the Bloomsburg Iron Company.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Saturday, the Sixteenth day of June A. D. 1893, by Lloyd S. Wintersteen, William D. Beckley, Jeremiah J. Brower, Jasper E. Wilson, Joseph Sharpless, Isaiah W. Willits, Eleazor B. Brower, William H. Brower and Jay J. Brower, under the Act of Assembly approved April 29th, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the supplements thereto, for the renewal of the former charter of the Bloomsburg Iron Company, incorporated on the 22nd day of June, A. D., 1839, under and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, for the term of twenty years, under the name, style and title of "The Bloomsburg Railroad Iron Company," which said charter was afterwards, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1858, by an Act of the General Assembly, extended for the term of fifteen years from and after the expiration of its then present charter, and the corporate named changed to "The Bloomsburg Iron Company," and by the Act of the General Assembly, approved the 13th day of March, A. D. 1870, entitled "An Act relative to the Bloomsburg Iron Company," was extended for the term of twenty years from and after the expiration of its then present charter.

The intended corporation whose charter is sought to be renewed is to be called "The Bloomsburg Iron Company."

The character and object of which corporation are for the purposes of the "manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both," and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

GRANT HERRING,
CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
JNO. G. FREEZE,
Solicitors.

May 4-4t.

WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. **Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all *effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion.*** Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having **PEFFER'S NERVIGOR,** or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, **$1** per box, or **6** for **$5**, with **A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money.** Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address **PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.**

Sold by C. A. KLEIM and MOYER BROS.

Bring The Babies.

Instantaneous Process Used.

Strictly first class guaranteed photographs, crayons and copies at reasonable prices. We use exclusively the Collodion Aristotype papers, thus securing greater beauty of finish and permanency of results. CAPWELL,

MARKET SQUARE GALLERY.

5-11-1yr. Over Hartman's Store.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat.

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,

C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May. 29, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, Weekdays 11.35 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays 8. 7.35 a. m., 3.15 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 5.00, 6.35 p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 3.15 5.00, 6.35, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.30 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.30 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.00 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10 10 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.30 a. m. 1.35, 3.18, 8.18.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, 11.45 a. m., 1.57, 3.27, 6.23.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.40, 11.36 a. m., 3.46, 5.18 7.22, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.40 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.2., p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00, (Saturday only, 2.00) 4.00 5.00 p. m.

Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a.m., Accomodation, 8.00 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues. Weekdays. Express, 7.30, 8.30 a.m., and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Sundays.—Express, 4.00, 5.15 8.00 p. m. Accomodation, 7.15 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, APR. 2, 1894.

SOUTH. Arrive.		STATIONS.	NORTH. Leave.	
4	2		1	3
P M	A M		A M	P M
6 10	7 20	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep	8 35	6 40
6 06	7 18	P. & E. Depot.	8 19	6 44
6 24	7 38	Bloomsburg Main Street.	8 42	6 47
6 20	7 10	Irondale	8 46	6 50
6 12	7 03	Paper Mill	8 52	6 58
6 09	7 00	Lightstreet	8 55	7 02
5 54	6 50	Orangeville	9 04	7 10
5 48	6 39	Forks	9 14	7 20
5 44	6 35	Zaners	9 18	7 25
5 37	6 28	Stillwater	9 25	7 29
5 27	6 18	Benton	9 34	7 39
5 22	6 14	Edsons	9 40	7 44
5 20	6 12	Coles Creek	9 43	7 48
5 16	6 08	Sugarloaf	9 46	7 52
5 11	6 01	Laubachs	9 50	7 57
5 08	5 58	Central	10 00	8 07
5 00	5 50	Jamison City	10 08	8 10
P M	A M	Leave.	A M	P M
			Arrive.	

IT POPS.

Effervescent, too.

Exhilarating, appetizing.
Just the thing to build up the constitution.

Hires' Rootbeer

Wholesome and strengthening, pure blood, free from boils or carbuncles. General good health—results from drinking **HIRES'** Rootbeer the year round.

Package makes five gallons, 25c.
Ask your druggist or grocer for it.
Take no other.

Send 2-cent stamp to the Charles E. Hires Co., 117 Arch St., Philadelphia, for beautiful picture cards.

5-18-4w

SPEEDY and LASTING RESULTS.

FAT PEOPLE

You can get thin. No inconvenience. Simple, sure. **ABSOLUTELY FREE** from any injurious substance. **LARGE ABDOMENS REDUCED.** You can stay thin.

We GUARANTEE a CURE or refund your money. Price $3.00 per bottle. Send 4c. for treatise. TREMONT MEDICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

6-1-4w. d

STOCKS, GRAIN, BONDS, COTTON,

and all Securities that are dealt in on New York, Philadelphia or Chicago Exchanges, bought and sold for cash or on margin.

HERMANN COHEN & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
61 Broadway, New York City.
137 So. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Market letter on application.

5-18-1t.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5
Catawissa	7 05	2 25	10 39	6 58
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	6 05
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 23
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 29
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 42
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 46
Briarcreek	7 41	...	...	6 50
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 22
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	...	7 43
Plymouth	8 33	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 03	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Maltby	8 52	4 12	.....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 06	4 30	12 22	8 28
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	....	8 33
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 47
Scranton	9 35	4 55	12 45	8 52
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	M

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 34
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 29	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 03
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 33	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	...	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8 08
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 33	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
Northumberland	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect Dec, 31, 1893. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:58 p. m.; Baltimore, 5:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m. connecting at Philadelphia for all sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.; New York, 10:08 p. m.; Baltimore 7:20 p. m.; Washington 8:37 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5:25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 2:54 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m.; New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:32 a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:55 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars to Buffalo and passenger coaches to Rochester.

8:18 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:41 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Ralston and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.-Train 13 daily for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:43 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:56 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 12:05 p. m., Washington 11:05 a. m., Baltimore 12:00 noon, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m., weekdays 2:00 p. m. Sunday, Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays; 4.30 p. m. Sunday. Washington 3:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:12 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:25 p. m through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:00 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltim

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Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County, and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROOMS FOR YOUNG MEN.—M. M. PHILLIPS has very desirable furnished rooms for six young men. Bath room adjoining, for use of occupants of the rooms. Call and examine. 5-19-tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NEW LEASE.—A NEW FORM OF LEASE has been printed, and is for sale at this office. Covers everything. 5 cents each or 40 cents a dozen. tf.

JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES FEE BILL.—Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1895, at THE COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

MEN WANTED To take Orders. No delivering or collecting. Experience not necessary. Steady employment. Best terms. Write at once and secure choice of territory.
ALLEN NURSERY CO.,
8-9-4m Rochester, N. Y.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

RANDOM REMARKS.

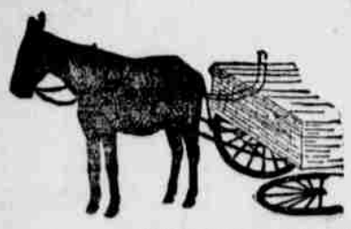
Thoughts on Various Topics by a Casual Observer.

For some years the question of utilizing culm and waste in coal mining has been more or less experimented upon, though with rather small success But a recent report of a commission having the matter under consideration, the chairman being Hon. Eckley B. Coxe, says that all waste may be profitably utilized. The report says, "With the aid of a specially constructed stoker and fan-blast, not only can the dirt heretofore thrown away be utilized, but in steam production, better results have been obtained by it, and at fifty per cent. less in cost." Thus our mountains of culm are apt to be used, and strikers can strike if they wish.

The Moody Campaign in the Wyoming coal fields has already opened in Wilkes Barre. Overflow meetings are of frequent occurrence. Mr. Moody will hold service in the Armory on May 20th. Meetings will be held simultaneously at Wilkes Barre and West Pittston. A tent seating 3000 people will be used for out-door meetings in pleasant weather.

As if to put inactivity to shame in Bloomsburg even the fountain now spurts water. Though its a little weak, we admit, still it spurts to the memory of its donor, Mr. Stroup.

"I have fought against the admission of Utah," said Kate Field recently, "but it is useless; for in a few days it will be a State. Among the young set polygamy is not countenanced, but the older folks unquestionably believe in that doctrine." The Coxey movement Kate declares is nothing in itself, but it is a sign of the times "a boil on the body politic showing its disordered system." That's enough to make Coxey mad at Katie.



BROKEN DOWN

—by disease is the natural result if you allow your liver to become inactive, your blood impure, and your system run down.

The germs of Consumption, Grip, or Malaria, wait for this time of weakness—this is their opportunity.

If you rouse the liver to activity, so it will throw off these germs, purify the blood so there will be no weak spots; build up *healthy weight* where there is a falling off, you will rest secure from disease, for you'll be *germ-proof*.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does this as nothing else can. That's the reason it can be *guaranteed*. In convalescence from pneumonia, fevers, or other wasting diseases, it's an appetizing, restorative tonic to build up needed flesh and strength.

For all diseases of the liver or blood if "Discovery" fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

DR. SAGE'S Catarrh Remedy will cure the worst Chronic Catarrh in the Head —perfectly and permanently. Fifty cents, by all dealers.

MEMORIAL DAY.

The sun streams down through the gloomy pine,
and kindles to flaming gold
The heart-shaped leaves of the clinging vine, the moss and the bits of mold,
And the roots that twine and intertwine, rugged and seared and old.

And it rests upon a lonely grave, and a slab without a name;
It lingers there and the grasses wave, and their blades are turned to flame,
And they flash their swords as though to save the neglected spot from shame.
And birds come circling about, and bring memorial songs so rare
That all the aisles of the forest ring, and the gloomy place grows fair;
And the birds light on the slab and sing of the soldier sleeping there.

—Frank H. Sweet.

GOT EVEN AT LAST.

A One-Legged Veteran Who Got Even With a Corporation.

One time there was a one-legged man who lived in Kittanning, Pa., and who had a fairly comfortably situated married sister across the river in Williamsburg. He had lived along the rivers of Pennsylvania all his life, and had worked at the modest but honorable occupation of shoemaker, and every Sunday evening he had passed over the bridge to visit his sister.

In Pennsylvania many of the bridges are toll bridges, and even foot passengers are required to contribute at least two cents every time they cross. This shoemaker had observed that a large number of men in the humbler walks of life wore one leg instead of two, as was the case in other States. Indeed, he was quite consoled with his loss by the reflection that peg-legged men were quite the fashion.

One evening he started across the bridge as usual, and when he came

to the toll taker's lodge in the centre he stumped over the roadway, dropped his little fee and went on.

"Funny thing," he mused. "I never paid my toll yet but I had to walk across the roadway to the toll-taker. My path always seems to be on the wrong side of the bridge. I should think now and then a toll-taker's office should be on my side of the bridge."

But he went on, visited his sister and started back. On the return trip he met another peg-legged man going over to Kittanning and the two walked together. When they came to the lodge the shoemaker fished up two pennies and started across the dusty roadway.

"Where you going?" asked the other peg-legged man, halting and looking curiously at his companion.

"Going to pay toll."

"Why, you don't have to."

"What?"

"You don't have to. One-legged veterans don't have to pay toll in Pennsylvania. The law exempts them. It is only able-bodied men who pay toll."

The veteran reflected that for years he had paid toll as he passed the bridge. He knew that the toll-keeper had deliberately assisted in the fraudulent collection of tolls.

"All right," he said, "I will do my best to get even."

And that veteran makes it a religious observance to walk across that toll bridge at least once a day each year. On holidays, he walks across it two or three times.

WILD FLOWERS.

An inappropriate motto—"No flowers."

The "on to Washington" cry of Coxey's army scarcely recalled the stirring days of 1861.

When that expected European war breaks out the way to stop it will be to apply to Uncle Sam for a dynamite gun.

Ruth—"Why is a battle called an engagement?" Paul—"Well, I suppose because it so often precedes a surrender." No cards.

In these "piping times of peace" about the only heroic opening for the ordinary American citizen is to try to discover the North Pole.

Weary Willy—"Dey say Grant was lazy before de war." Ragsy—"Dat's why I joined de Coxey army. Dere's no tellin' what war will do for us fellers."

Stubbs—"Say, Fatty, I see that Miss Maude Banks says the women are ready to take up arms in the next war." Fatty—"Well, that's all right; my arms are ready."

The women orators should let up on the men a little on Decoration Day, at least. After all, the manhood of the nation stood the test in the stirring days when the nation was in peril.

Boggs—"The old vets are going fast." Vet—"Well, there's one satisfaction; we won't be forgotten. A hundred years from now they'll use our old Springfield's and crutches for bric-a-brac."

DECORATION.

STOOD beside each mounded grave
Where slept the bravest of the brave,
And sought a spot where I could place
My flowers above a hero's face.

Within a calm, secluded spot,
Where passing steps disturbed her not,
I placed the simple buds I had
O'er her who bore a soldier lad.

—Ladies' Home Journal.

A RACY WAR STORY.

A Weak-Kneed Recruit, Who Knew a Remedy for Cowardice.

Just before the battle of Antietam five recruits came down for my company, said an old veteran. There were no bounty jumpers at that stage of the war, although the courage and patriotism of some of the recruits could not be vouched for. One of the five new men was named Danforth, a farmer's son, fresh from the cornfields. As we took up our line of march to meet Lee, this young fellow came to me and said:

"See here, sergeant, I guess I've made a mistake."

"How so?" I inquired.

"I hain't got no sand. I allus thought I had, but when I come down here and see what war is, I find I hain't got the pluck of a rabbit."

"That's bad."

"So 'tis; but it's jest the way I feel," the young farmer responded soberly. "We're goin' to hav a fight by 'n by, an' I know what'll happen. I shall bolt as sure as preachin'."

"Then you'll be a coward and disgraced forever."

"I know it, an' I don't want to do it," said Danforth, "but I shall unless you can help me."

"What can I do for you?"

"Wal, if I can git mad I'll be all right an fogit I'm scart. Now, if you'll keep your eye on me, an' as soon as we git within five miles o' Lee's army give me a stout kick, I'll guess I'll stand it."

After some further talk I promised Danforth to give him a kicking if he showed signs of running away. We were in Hooker's corps, and as we moved against Jackson Danforth came up to me:

"Sergeant, kick me, or I shall run," he exclaimed. "I haven't got sand enough to see a chicken die."

We were moving through the timber, and I stepped behind him and "lifted" him as hard as I could.

He shot aside, and when next I saw him we were at a fence on the edge of a cornfield. The firing was hot, and men were falling on all sides. I had just fired from a rest on the top rail when Danforth came up, faced the other way, and said:

"More kicks, sergeant. My sand is going."

I kicked him again with a good deal of vigor. Just then we got the order to advance, and he was the first man over the fence. Half an hour later we were driven back, considerably disorganized, and as I reached the fence I came across Danforth again. He had a Confederate captain by the collar, and was carrying the officer's sword in his hand. As he saw me he called out:

"Sand is all right, sergeant. No more kicks. As soon as I take this chap to the rear I'm going back to collar old Stonewall Jackson himself, or die trying!"

A Story of Jackson.

"As an illustration of 'Stonewall' Jackson's belief in the matter of absolute obedience to the letter of an order," said a Confederate veteran to the Louisville Courier-Journal, "I have heard a story told of Gen. Stonewall Jackson during the Mexican war. He was then a lieutenant of artillery, commanding a section composed of two guns. In a certain action he was ordered to occupy a certain position and open fire upon the enemy. His two guns were started for the place, which was very exposed, and before reaching it he saw that he could not remain there ten minutes without losing every horse and man he had. At the same time he saw that by moving some 300 yards away his fire would be more effective. But his orders to open fire must be obeyed, so, reaching the designated position, the two guns were fired. Then they were limbered up and moved to the new position, and fire was opened in earnest and with effect."

A Genuine Hero.

Admiral Benham, recently retired, was a type of the modest hero of whom the late war furnished thousands whose names are unknown. After that little affair at Rio Janeiro, he would not say that his squadron could have whipped the entire Brazilian insurgent fleets and forts combined, but considering that the gunners in the latter hardly ever came within 500 yards of their mark, he said he thought he would have stood a good fighting chance. As a matter of fact, it was dollars to tin tags that the Brazilians would have been silenced in five minutes.

Bullet-Proof Coats.

The armies of Germany are soon to be supplied with bullet-proof coats. Perhaps war will get back to the condition it occupied before the invention of gunpowder. The middle-age armor was so perfected as to be impervious to sword, arrow or spear. At Milan, where the best armor was made, two armies fought from nine o'clock in the morning until four o'clock in the afternoon, and not a knight was either killed or wounded. The inventor of the new bullet-proof coat is Heinrich Dowe, of Westphalia. He has worn the coat while seven shots were fired at him from a modern rifle. Perhaps the next war will have no killed or wounded.

Dogs in War.

Dogs are being trained for service in connection with all European armies. This is a revival of a very ancient custom, whence was derived the phrase, "dogs of war." The modern war dogs, however, will be used only as sentinels and to carry aid to the wounded. They are taught to bark either on the approach of an enemy or on discovering a wounded soldier.

At the Camp Fire.

"What was the hardest thing you got hold of during the war?"

"Hard tack. And you?"

"A Georgia cracker."

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents.

EAST BENTON.

Lee Roy Bender, son of F. P. Bender of Bendertown, met with a sad accident at the Hulm Station just below Benton last Friday. While unloading timber (ties and telegraph poles) for shipment, he was struck by a pole and his right leg was broken in three places below the knee, the bones protruding in one place through the skin. He was immediately taken home, a distance of five or six miles from place of accident, and Dr. Carey of Benton was summoned and taken along. Dr. Davidson of Cambra was also summoned and assisted in the setting of the broken bones. This unfortunate young man has the sympathy of the entire community and all hope for his speedy and safe recovery.

The late rains did not fall in torrents at this place in consequence of which the small streams though high did not over flow their banks.

The wheat, from present appearances promises an unusually large crop; but there are evidences that the fly is in the wheat, and if this is so to any great extent, the yield will be very light. It is now just beginning to head and it also begins to trinkle.

At this writing there are good signs of fair weather. After a week's delay on account of rain the farmers, not having planted their corn yet, may feel some anxiety in getting their corn in out of season. Don't worry. It is better to plant corn on the first of June than on the first of May. Experience has taught us this.

And now it appears that the fight is on for the various positions to be filled as candidates are booming up in every quarter. It is one thing to be a candidate, it is another to be nominated, and it is still another thing to be elected. But in Columbia County a nomination is equivalent to an election.

The supervisors are busily engaged in putting the highways in repairs. There is some talk of levying seven mills road tax. How is that for high?

Miss Phebe A. Perry, daughter of J. W. Perry of Elk Grove, in company with Miss Mary A. Tubbs of the same place, spent a week visiting in this neighborhood a few weeks ago. Miss Perry was complaining ill while here, and we have since learned that two of Mr. Perry's children are down with typhoid fever. Miss Perry is a lady-like and accomplished young woman, and makes friends wherever she goes. We are sorry to learn of her illness and hope for her speedy recovery.

We fear that the new tariff will only be a riddle like the famous old chimney which was "patch upon patch with a hole in the middle."

J. C. Tubbs and wife of Elk Grove, paid us a visit last Saturday night.

A. J. Crawford had a stone bee last Monday afternoon.

Prof. Walter Casterline opened a select school at Cambra last Monday week ago.

The women are a pest for a fact. But what a miserable world it would be without this pest which is the glory of men.

Space is infinite, hence we will not attempt to occupy more.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

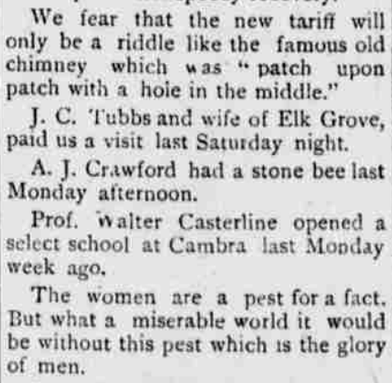
Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

Gidding & Co. for clothing.

Married.

On the 12th inst., at the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. Albert E. Stiner, of Weatherly, Pa., and Miss Eliza Beishline, of Bendertown.

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT



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Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c, Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

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